

# WEST Search History

Hide Items

Restore

Clear

Cancel

DATE: Thursday, November 02, 2006

Hide?	<u>Set</u> <u>Name</u>	<u>Query</u>	<u>Hit</u> <u>Count</u>
	<i>DB=PGPB; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ</i>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	L39	(vector and bit\$1 and sweep and mark\$3 and garbage and collect\$3).clm.	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L38	(just-in-time and compil\$3 and sweep).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L37	(virtual and machine and mark and bit and vector and point\$3 and garbage).clm.	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L36	(virtual and machine and mark and bit and vector and point\$3).clm.	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L35	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$3 and root and enumerat\$4 and live and object\$1 and virtual and machine).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L34	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$3 and root and enumerat\$4 and live and object\$1 and search).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L33	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$3 and root and enumerat\$4 and live and object\$1 and toggle).clm.	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L32	(garbage and collect\$3 and live and object\$1 and heap and block\$1 and bit and storage and space).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L31	(garbage and collect\$3 and live and object\$1 and heap and block\$1 and bit).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L30	(garbage and collect\$3 and live and object\$1 and heap and block\$1).clm.	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L29	(garbage and collect\$3 and live and object\$1).clm.	28
<input type="checkbox"/>	L28	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$3 and root and enumerat\$4 and live and object\$1).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L27	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$3 and root and enumerat\$4).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L26	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$3).clm.	12
<input type="checkbox"/>	L25	(memory and space and garbage and collect\$3 and invok\$3 and heap).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L24	(memory and space and garbage and collect\$3 and invok\$3 and concurrent).clm.	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L23	(memory and space and garbage and collect\$3 and invok\$3 and concurrent\$3).clm.	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L22	(memory and space and garbage and collect\$3 and invok\$3).clm.	6
<input type="checkbox"/>	L21	(memory and space and garbage and collect\$3 and threshold\$3 and vector and heap).clm.	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L20	(memory and space and garbage and collect\$3 and threshold\$3).clm.	9
<input type="checkbox"/>	L19	(memory and space and garbage and collect\$3).clm.	67
<input type="checkbox"/>	L18	(garbage and collect\$4 and togg1\$3 and mark\$3).clm.	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L17	(heap and vector and second and bit and mark and sweep).clm.	2

<input type="checkbox"/>	L16	(heap and vector and second and bit).clm.	6
<input type="checkbox"/>	L15	(memory and space and vector and pointer\$1 and bit and sweep).clm.	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L14	(mark-sweep and mark\$3 and phase and bit and vector\$1).clm.	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L13	(first and second and vector\$1 and bit\$1 and garbage and thread and trac\$3).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L12	(first and second and vector\$1 and bit\$1 and garbage and threshold).clm.	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L11	(first and second and vector\$1 and bit\$1 and garbage and live and object\$1).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L10	(first and second and vector\$1 and bit\$1).clm.	1175
<input type="checkbox"/>	L9	(mark and sweep and software and concurrent\$3).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L8	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$4 and heap and (memory or space) and bit and vector\$1 and pointer\$1 and threshold\$3 and thread\$1 and block\$1).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L7	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$4 and heap and (memory or space) and bit and vector\$1 and pointer\$1 and threshold\$3 and thread\$1).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L6	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$4 and heap and (memory or space) and bit and vector\$1 and pointer\$1 and threshold\$3).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L5	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$4 and heap and (memory or space) and bit and vector\$1 and pointer\$1).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L4	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$4 and heap and (memory or space) and bit and vector\$1).clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L3	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$4 and heap and (memory or space)).clm.	7
<input type="checkbox"/>	L2	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$4 and heap).clm.	7
<input type="checkbox"/>	L1	(mark and sweep and garbage and collect\$4).clm.	12

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

# WEST Search History

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Hide?	<u>Set</u> <u>Name</u>	<u>Query</u>	<u>Hit</u> <u>Count</u>
	<i>DB=PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI,TDBD; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ</i>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	L162	L160 and vector and pointer	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L161	L160 and (bit near5 vector)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L160	L159 and 'just-in-time'	9
<input type="checkbox"/>	L159	6529919 .uref.	12
<input type="checkbox"/>	L158	L157 and (storage near5 space)	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L157	L147 and (vector near5 pointer\$1)	18
<input type="checkbox"/>	L156	L155 and (sweep near5 bit)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L155	L152 and vector\$1 and bit\$1 and pointer\$1	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L154	L152 and toggl\$4	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L153	L152 and toggle	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L152	L151 and 'just-in-time'	13
<input type="checkbox"/>	L151	L150 and mark\$3 and sweep\$3 and heap	15
<input type="checkbox"/>	L150	L149 and (native near5 code)	59
<input type="checkbox"/>	L149	L148 and (virtual near5 machine)	177
<input type="checkbox"/>	L148	L147 and compil\$3	213
<input type="checkbox"/>	L147	l130 and java	297
<input type="checkbox"/>	L146	L145 and sweep\$3 and storage and space and aloc\$5	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L145	L144 and heap	30
<input type="checkbox"/>	L144	l130 and root and execut\$3 and bit and vector\$1	47
<input type="checkbox"/>	L143	L142 and memory and space	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L142	L141 and sweep\$3 and mark\$3 and heap	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L141	L140 and thread and trac\$3	10
<input type="checkbox"/>	L140	l130 and (vector near5 pointer\$1)	25
<input type="checkbox"/>	L139	L138 and bit and pointer\$1	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L138	L137 and vector\$1 and toggl\$3	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L137	l134 and (garbage near5 collect\$3)	16
<input type="checkbox"/>	L136	L135 and mark and sweep	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L135	L134 and (heap same threshold\$3)	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L134	6321240 .uref.	17
<input type="checkbox"/>	L133	L132 and (bit near5 vector\$1)	7

<input type="checkbox"/>	L132 L131 and (live near5 object\$1)	96
<input type="checkbox"/>	L131 L130 and thread	228
<input type="checkbox"/>	L130 L124 and (garbage near5 collect\$3) and @py<=2003	580
<input type="checkbox"/>	L129 L124 and (garbage near5 collect\$3)	1142
<input type="checkbox"/>	L128 L127 and (heap near5 block\$1) and @py<=2003	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L127 L126 and (concurrent\$3 near5 collect\$3)	62
<input type="checkbox"/>	L126 L125 and (garbage near5 collect\$4)	207
<input type="checkbox"/>	L125 L124 and (mark\$3 near5 sweep\$3)	212
<input type="checkbox"/>	L124 L123 or l122 or l121	20584
<input type="checkbox"/>	L123 717/114,116,142,148,165.ccls.	1361
<input type="checkbox"/>	L122 711/133,170-173,159-160,165.ccls.	5751
<input type="checkbox"/>	L121 707/1,100,103R-103Y,200,206.ccls.	13837
<input type="checkbox"/>	L120 L119 and heap and garbage	6
<input type="checkbox"/>	L119 (sweep near5 bit) and (mark near5 bit) and @py<=2004	31
<input type="checkbox"/>	L118 L117 and initializ\$3	7
<input type="checkbox"/>	L117 L116 and bit and vector	11
<input type="checkbox"/>	L116 L114 and header and field\$1 and pointer\$1	40
<input type="checkbox"/>	L115 L114 and (data near5 structurre)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L114 L113 and (mark near5 sweep)	122
<input type="checkbox"/>	L113 (heap and block\$1 and garbage and collection) and @py<=2004	591
<input type="checkbox"/>	L112 (heap and block\$1 and garbage and collection).ti. and @py<=2004	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L111 L107 and (garbage near5 collection)	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L110 L107 and mark and sweep	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L109 L107 and mark and sweep and (memory near5 structure)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L108 L107 and mark and sweep and (data near5 structure)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L107 (header same (heap near5 block\$1)) and @py<=2004	25
<input type="checkbox"/>	L106 (mark and sweep and heap).ti. and @py<=2004	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L105 (mark and sweep and structure).ti. and @py<=2004	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L104 L103	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L103 (mark and sweep and garbage and structure).ti. and @py<=2004	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L102 (mark and sweep and field\$1 and memory and structure).ab. and @py<=2004	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L101 (mark and sweep and field\$1 and memory and structure).ti. and @py<=2004	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L100 (data and structure and heap).ti. and @py<=2004	13
<input type="checkbox"/>	L99 'data strcucture'.ti.	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L98 'data strcucture'.ti. and @py<=2004	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L97 L96 and (bit near5 vector\$1)	6
<input type="checkbox"/>	L96 (memory near5 structure) and (mark\$sweep) and field\$1 and pointer\$1 and @py<=2004	66

<input type="checkbox"/>	L95	(mark near5 field\$1) and (sweep near5 field\$1) and (data near5 structure) and @py<=2004	6
<input type="checkbox"/>	L94	L93 and vector\$1 and heap	6
<input type="checkbox"/>	L93	L92 and field\$1 and status	8
<input type="checkbox"/>	L92	L91 and bit\$1 and object\$1	17
<input type="checkbox"/>	L91	L90 and pointer\$1	18
<input type="checkbox"/>	L90	L89 and (mark near5 sweep)	18
<input type="checkbox"/>	L89	4907151.uref.	66
<input type="checkbox"/>	L88	L87 and field\$1 and header	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L87	L86 and (mark near5 sweep)	15
<input type="checkbox"/>	L86	L85 and (heap near5 block\$1)	107
<input type="checkbox"/>	L85	(heap near5 structure) and @py<=2004	669
<input type="checkbox"/>	L84	L83 and (header near5 field\$1)	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L83	L82 and (mark near5 bit\$1)	13
<input type="checkbox"/>	L82	L81 and (heap near5 block\$1)	100
<input type="checkbox"/>	L81	(garbage near5 collection) and (data near5 structure) and @py<=2004	1495
<input type="checkbox"/>	L80	L79 and (multiple near5 object\$1)	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	L79	L78 and (multiple near5 field\$1)	39
<input type="checkbox"/>	L78	L77 and pointer\$1	383
<input type="checkbox"/>	L77	(heap near5 structure) and @py<=2004	669
<input type="checkbox"/>	L76	L75 and ((second near5 field) same (sweep near5 bit))	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L75	(first near5 field) same (mark near5 bit)	96
<input type="checkbox"/>	L74	L73 and vector	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	L73	L72 and (field\$1 near5 object\$1)	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	L72	L71 and status	23
<input type="checkbox"/>	L71	L69 and heap	28
<input type="checkbox"/>	L70	L69 and togg1\$2	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L69	L68 and (mark near5 sweep)	39
<input type="checkbox"/>	L68	(data near5 structure) and (memory near5 structure) and header and @py<=2004	6667
<input type="checkbox"/>	L67	L66 and garbage	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	L66	L65 and pointer\$1	23
<input type="checkbox"/>	L65	L62 and (mark near5 bit\$1)	23
<input type="checkbox"/>	L64	L62 and (mark near5 bit\$1) and (sweep near5 bit\$1)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L63	L62 and (mark near5 field\$1) and (sweep near5 field\$1)	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L62	(heap near5 structure) and (memory near5 structure) and header and @py<=2004	125
<input type="checkbox"/>	L61	(data near5 structure) and (memory near5 structure) and (garbage near5 collection) and heap and mark and sweep and bit and vector and field\$1 and	0

	statuses and object\$1 and @py<=2004	
□	L60 L59 and ((sweep near5 bit) same pointer)	0
□	L59 L49 and ((mark near5 bit) same pointer\$1)	5
□	L58 (mark near5 field\$1) and (sweep near5 field\$1) and heap and garbage and collection and algorithm\$1 and statu\$3 and @py<=2004	2
□	L57 L55 and field\$1 and status	5
□	L56 L55 and (field\$1 near5 status)	0
□	L55 L54 and (garbage near5 collection\$1)	7
□	L54 L52 and field\$1	22
□	L53 L52 and (heap near5 block\$1)	2
□	L52 (mark near5 bit\$1) and (sweep near5 bit\$1) and @py<=2004	31
□	L51 (mark near5 bit\$1) and (sweep near5 bit\$1) and (sweep\$3 near5 status\$2) and (memory near5 field\$1) and @py<=2004	0
□	L50 L49 and (mark near5 bit\$1) and (sweep near5 bit\$1)	2
□	L49 (memory near5 structure) and (heap near5 block\$1) and @py<=2004	187
□	L48 L47 and (live near5 object\$1)	12
□	L47 L46 and scann\$3	17
□	L46 L45 and pointer\$1	28
□	L45 L44 and (heap near5 block)	30
□	L44 (garbage near5 sweep\$3) and @py<=2004	212
□	L43 (garbage near5 sweep\$3) and (sweep nar5 bit) and @py<=2004	0
□	L42 (live near5 object\$1) scann\$3 and search\$3 and mark\$3 and thread\$1	5
□	L41 L40 and (live near5 object)	7
□	L40 L39 and vector	7
□	L39 L38 and (mark near5 sweep)	10
□	L38 (garbage near5 sweep\$3) and (sweep near5 storage). and @py<=2004	10
□	L37 (garbage near5 sweep\$3) and (sweep near5 storage) and (stroage near5 space) and @py<=2004	0
□	L36 L35 and live	3
□	L35 L34 and heap	5
□	L34 L33 and pointer\$1	5
□	L33 L25 and (sweep near5 bit)	5
□	L32 L29 and vector and bit\$1 and mark and sweep	1
□	L31 L29 and (sweep near5 stroage)	0
□	L30 L29 and (bit near5 vector\$1)	2
□	L29 (live near5 object\$1) and (heap near5 block) and @py<=2004	69
□	L28 L27 and vector\$1 and bit\$1	1
□	L27 L26 and (mark near5 sweep)	12
□	L26 L25 and (live near5 object\$1)	59

<input type="checkbox"/>	L25	(heap near5 block) and (data near5 structure) and @py<=2004	252
<input type="checkbox"/>	L24	L23 and (sweep near5 bit)	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L23	L22 and (mark near5 bit)	12
<input type="checkbox"/>	L22	(heap near5 block) and (mark near5 sweep) and @py<=2004	29
<input type="checkbox"/>	L21	(mark and sweep and garbage and collection).ti. and @py<=2004	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L20	L19 and conflict\$3	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L19	L18 and thread\$1	6
<input type="checkbox"/>	L18	L17 and scann\$3	8
<input type="checkbox"/>	L17	L16 and execut\$3	11
<input type="checkbox"/>	L16	L15 and (mark near5 bit)	11
<input type="checkbox"/>	L15	L14 and (live near5 object\$1)	13
<input type="checkbox"/>	L14	L13 and (garbage near5 collect\$3)	13
<input type="checkbox"/>	L13	L12 and (mark near5 sweep)	13
<input type="checkbox"/>	L12	L11 and vector\$1 and bit\$1	97
<input type="checkbox"/>	L11	L10 and virtual and java	782
<input type="checkbox"/>	L10	just-in-time and @py<=2004	2677
<input type="checkbox"/>	L9	L8 and trace	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L8	L7 and root	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	L7	L6 and (mark near5 sweep)	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	L6	L5 and (live near5 object\$1)	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	L5	L4 and concurrently	56
<input type="checkbox"/>	L4	vector\$1 and bit\$1 and pointer\$1 and heap and block\$1 and live and object\$1 and @py<=2004	131
<input type="checkbox"/>	L3	(second near5 bit) same (vector near5 pointer\$1) and heap and @py<=2004	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L2	(second near5 bit) same (vector near5 pointer\$1) and heap and memory and @py<=2004	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L1	(second near5 bit) same (vector near5 pointer\$1) and (heap near5 block) and @py<=2004	0

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

10/7/9, 443

STIC/EIC *Barh*

11/2/2006

File 9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2006/Nov 01  
 (c) 2006 The Gale Group  
 File 13:BAMP 2006/Oct w4  
 (c) 2006 The Gale Group  
 File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2006/Nov 02  
 (c) 2006 The Gale Group  
 File 47:Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) 1959-2006/Nov 01  
 (c) 2006 The Gale group  
 File 88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S. 1976-2006/Nov 01  
 (c) 2006 The Gale Group  
 File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2006/Nov 02  
 (c)2006 The Gale Group  
 File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989  
 (c) 1999 The Gale Group  
 File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2006/Nov 02  
 (c) 2006 The Gale Group  
 File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R) 1985-2006/Nov 01  
 (c) 2006 The Gale Group  
 File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2006/Nov 02  
 (c) 2006 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc  
 File 634:San Jose Mercury Jun 1985-2006/Oct 31  
 (c) 2006 San Jose Mercury News  
 File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2006/Nov 02  
 (c) 2006 The Gale Group  
 File 649:Gale Group Newswire ASAP(TM) 2006/Oct 19  
 (c) 2006 The Gale Group  
 File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2006/Dec w4  
 (c) 2006 CMP Media, LLC  
 File 674:Computer News Fulltext 1989-2006/Sep w1  
 (c) 2006 IDG Communications

Set	Items	Description
S1	824	(BIT OR BINARY()DIGIT? ?)(1W)VECTOR? ? OR BITVECTOR?
S2	3738	MARK??? (1W) (SWEEP? OR COMPACT????) OR MARKSWEEP? OR MARKCO- MPACT?
S3	153	HEAP? ?(2N)(BLOCK? ? OR CHUNK? ?) OR HEAPBLOCK? OR HEAPCHU- NK?
S4	56876	HEAP? ? OR FREESTORE? OR FREE()STORE? ?
S5	1541771	JAVA OR JVM OR JVMs OR VS OR VM OR VMS OR JRE? ? OR VME? ? OR VMM OR VMMS OR VIRTUAL(1W)(PC OR COMPUTER? ?)
S6	302	METAMACHINE? OR (META OR ABSTRACT())MACHINE? ?
S7	11	PSEUDO() (OS OR OPERATING())SYSTEM? ?
S8	179913	COREWAR? OR CORE()WAR OR OCODE OR POPLOG OR PORTABLE()SCHE- ME()INTERPRET? OR PORTABLE()STANDARD()LISP OR OS2 OR OS()2
S9	134959	SEQUENTIAL()PARLOG()MACHINE? ? OR PYTHON OR SMALLTALK OR S- MALL()TALK OR SNOBOL OR IMPLEMENTATION()LANGUAGE? ? OR SODA
S10	10806	VMWARE OR HYPERVIS?R? ? OR XEN
S11	76773	GARBAGE
S12	5080292	MEMORY OR STORAGE OR SPACE
S13	145476	JUST(1W)TIME? ? OR JIT OR KANBAN OR KAN()BAN
S14	0	S1(S)S2
S15	1943	VECTOR? ?(3N)(BIT OR BINARY()DIGIT? ?)
S16	0	S15(S)S2
S17	7	S2(S)S3:S4
S18	3	S17(S)S5:S10
S19	1	S1(S)S11
S20	4	S18:S19
S21	1	S20/2004:2006
S22	3	S20 NOT S21
S23	3	RD (unique items)

23/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 88)  
 DIALOG(R)File 88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S.  
 (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.



File 696:DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2006/Nov 01  
(c) 2006 Dialog  
File 15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2006/Nov 01  
(c) 2006 ProQuest Info&Learning  
File 98:General Sci Abs 1984-2006/Oct  
(c) 2006 The HW Wilson Co.  
File 112:UBM Industry News 1998-2004/Jan 27  
(c) 2004 United Business Media  
File 141:Readers Guide 1983-2006/Aug  
(c) 2006 The HW Wilson Co  
File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2006/Oct W4  
(c) 2006 ProQuest  
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30  
(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc  
File 613:PR Newswire 1999-2006/Nov 02  
(c) 2006 PR Newswire Association Inc  
File 635:Business Dateline(R) 1985-2006/Nov 01  
(c) 2006 ProQuest Info&Learning  
File 810:Business wire 1986-1999/Feb 28  
(c) 1999 Business wire  
File 610:Business wire 1999-2006/Nov 02  
(c) 2006 Business wire.  
File 369:New Scientist 1994-2006/Aug W4  
(c) 2006 Reed Business Information Ltd.  
File 370:Science 1996-1999/Jul W3  
(c) 1999 AAAS

Set	Items	Description
S1	104	(BIT OR BINARY()DIGIT? ?)(1W)VECTOR? ? OR BITVECTOR?
S2	917	MARK??? (1W) (SWEEP? OR COMPACT????) OR MARKSWEEP? OR MARKCO- MPACT?
S3	26	HEAP? ? (2N) (BLOCK? ? OR CHUNK? ?) OR HEAPBLOCK? OR HEAPCHU- NK?
S4	23106	HEAP? ? OR FREESTORE? OR FREE()STORE? ?
S5	391372	JAVA OR JVM OR JVMS OR VS OR VM OR VMS OR JRE? ? OR VME? ? OR VMM OR VMMS OR VIRTUAL(1W) (PC OR COMPUTER? ?)
S6	130	METAMACHINE? OR (META OR ABSTRACT)()MACHINE? ?
S7	4	PSEUDO() (OS OR OPERATING()SYSTEM? ?)
S8	32165	COREWAR? OR CORE()WAR OR OCODE OR POPLOG OR PORTABLE()SCHE- ME()INTERPRET? OR PORTABLE()STANDARD()LISP OR OS2 OR OS()2
S9	44076	SEQUENTIAL()PARLOG()MACHINE? ? OR PYTHON OR SMALLTALK OR S- MALL()TALK OR SNOBOL OR IMPLEMENTATION()LANGUAGE? ? OR SODA
S10	2673	VMWARE OR HYPERVIS?R? ? OR XEN
S11	35458	GARBAGE
S12	1703232	MEMORY OR STORAGE OR SPACE
S13	61046	JUST(1W)TIME? ? OR JIT OR KANBAN OR KAN()BAN
S14	0	S1(S)S2
S15	272	VECTOR? ? (3N) (BIT OR BINARY()DIGIT? ?)
S16	0	S15(S)S2
S17	0	S2(S)S3:S4
S18	0	S1(S)S11

File 347:JAPIO Dec 1976-2006/Jan(Updated 061009)  
 (c) 2006 JPO & JAPIO  
 File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2006/ 200643  
 (c) 2006 European Patent Office  
 File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2006/UB=20061026UT=20061019  
 (c) 2006 WIPO/Thomson  
 File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2006/UD=200670  
 (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation

Set	Items	Description
S1	18	AU='SUBRAMONEY S'
S2	16	AU='SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS':AU='SUBRAMONEY SREEVINAS'
S3	174	AU='HUDSON R':AU='HUDSON R W'
S4	52	AU='HUDSON RICHARD':AU='HUDSON RICHARD 1602 BLUEBERRY IMPE- RIAL MISSOUR'
S5	16	S1:S2 AND S3:S4
S6	1913	BIT(1W)VECTOR? ?
S7	2	S5 AND S6

>>>Format 69 is not valid in file 348.

7/69/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)  
 DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
 (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.

0015288123 - Drawing available  
 WPI ACC NO: 2005-638261/200565  
 XRPX Acc No: N2005-523511

Mark-sweep-compact garbage collection method in managed runtime system,  
 involves using only one bit vector of each heap block for performing  
 garbage collection, if available space in heap is below preset value  
 Patent Assignee: HUDSON R L (HUDS-I); SUBRAMONEY S (SUBR-I)

Inventor: HUDSON R L ; SUBRAMONEY S  
 Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent		Application	
Number	Kind Date	Number	Kind Date Update
US 20050198088	A1 20050908	US 2004793707	A 20040303 200565 B

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2004793707 A 20040303

#### Patent Details

Number	Kind	Lan	Pg	Dwg	Filing Notes
US 20050198088	A1	EN	29	13	

#### Alerting Abstract US A1

NOVELTY - The method involves using only one bit vector of each of  
 several heap blocks of a heap, for performing mark-sweep-compact garbage  
 collection in the heap, if the available space in the heap is below the  
 threshold value. The heap blocks are marked, compacted or swept by only one  
 bit vector of each heap block.

DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- 1.mark-sweep-compact garbage collection performing system;
- 2.method for automatically collecting garbage objects;
- 3.managed runtime system;
- 4.article comprising medium storing mark-sweep-compact garbage collection  
program; and
- 5.article comprising medium storing program for automatically collecting  
garbage objects.

USE - For performing mark-sweep-compact garbage collection in managed

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		NK?
S4	13727	HEAP? ? OR FREESTORE? OR FREE()STORE? ?
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S6	4840	METAMACHINE? OR (META OR ABSTRACT)()MACHINE? ?
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S8	7018	COREWAR? OR CORE()WAR OR OCODE OR POPLOG OR PORTABLE()SCHE-
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S10	986	VMWARE OR HYPERVIS?R? ? OR XEN
S11	33313	GARBAGE
S12	3988692	MEMORY OR STORAGE OR SPACE
S13	26225	JUST(1W)TIME? ? OR JIT OR KANBAN OR KAN()BAN
S14	2	S1 AND S2
S15	2657	VECTOR? ?(3N)(BIT OR BINARY()DIGIT? ?)
S16	2	S15 AND S2
S17	108	S2 AND S3:S4
S18	69	S17 AND S5:S10
S19	6	S1 AND S11
S20	6	S14 OR S16 OR S19

S21 0 S20/2004:2006  
S22 4 RD S20 (unique items)  
S23 9 S18 AND (BIT OR BITS OR VECTOR? ?)  
S24 0 S23/2004:2006  
S25 9 S23 NOT S20  
S26 5 RD (unique items)

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S3	57	HEAP? ?(2N)(BLOCK? ? OR CHUNK? ?) OR HEAPBLOCK? OR HEAPCHU- NK?
S4	3091	HEAP? ? OR FREESTORE? OR FREE()STORE? ?
S5	125311	JAVA OR JVM OR JVMs OR VS OR VM OR VMS OR JRE? ? OR VME? ? OR VMM OR VMMS OR VIRTUAL(1W)(PC OR COMPUTER? ?)
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S11	5071	GARBAGE
S12	923325	MEMORY OR STORAGE OR SPACE
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S17	39	S2(50N)S3:S4
S18	7	S17(50N)S5:S10
S19	3	S18 AND AC=US/PR AND AY=(1963:2003)/PR
S20	3	S18 AND AC=US AND AY=1963:2003
S21	3	S18 AND AC=US AND AY=(1963:2003)/PR
S22	6	S18 AND PY=1963:2003
S23	7	S19:S22
S24	7	IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S25	7	IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
S26	7	S1(25N)(S11 OR GC)
S27	7	S26 NOT S25
S28	4	S27 AND AC=US/PR AND AY=(1963:2003)/PR
S29	4	S27 AND AC=US AND AY=1963:2003
S30	4	S27 AND AC=US AND AY=(1963:2003)/PR
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		MPACT?
S3	32	HEAP? ?(2N)(BLOCK? ? OR CHUNK? ?) OR HEAPBLOCK? OR HEAPCHU-
		NK?
S4	4444	HEAP? ? OR FREESTORE? OR FREE()STORE? ?
S5	29552	JAVA OR JVM OR JVMS OR VS OR VM OR VMS OR JRE? ? OR VME? ?
		OR VMM OR VMMS OR VIRTUAL(1W)(PC OR COMPUTER? ?)
S6	27	METAMACHINE? OR (META OR ABSTRACT)()MACHINE? ?
S7	3	PSEUDO() (OS OR OPERATING()SYSTEM? ?)
S8	671	COREWAR? OR CORE()WAR OR OCODE OR POPLOG OR PORTABLE()SCHE-
		ME()INTERPRET? OR PORTABLE()STANDARD()LISP OR OS2 OR OS()2
S9	24645	SEQUENTIAL()PARLOG()MACHINE? ? OR PYTHON OR SMALLTALK OR S-
		MALL()TALK OR SNOBOL OR IMPLEMENTATION()LANGUAGE? ? OR SODA
S10	189	VMWARE OR HYPERVIS?R? ? OR XEN
S11	23389	GARBAGE
S12	2975691	MEMORY OR STORAGE OR SPACE
S13	967	JUST(1W)TIME? ? OR JIT OR KANBAN OR KAN()BAN
S14	2	S1 AND S2
S15	879	VECTOR? ?(3N)(BIT OR BINARY()DIGIT? ?)
S16	2	S15 AND S2
S17	0	S16 NOT S14
S18	13	S2 AND S3:S4
S19	1	S18 AND S5:S10
S20	1	S19 NOT S14
S21	6	S1 AND S11
S22	4	S21 AND S3:S4
S23	2	S22 NOT (S14 OR S20)
S24	0	S23 AND AC=US/PR AND AY=(1963:2003)/PR
S25	0	S23 AND AC=US AND AY=1963:2003
S26	0	S23 AND AC=US AND AY=(1963:2003)/PR
S27	1	S23 AND PY=1963:2003
S28	2	S1 AND GC
S29	1	S28 NOT (S20 OR S14 OR S22)



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Relevance scale ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐**1** [Comparing mark-and sweep and stop-and-copy garbage collection](#)

Benjamin Zorn

May 1990 **Proceedings of the 1990 ACM conference on LISP and functional programming**

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(1.02 MB\)](#)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Stop-and-copy garbage collection has been preferred to mark-and-sweep collection in the last decade because its collection time is proportional to the size of reachable data and not to the memory size. This paper compares the CPU overhead and the memory requirements of the two collection algorithms extended with generations, and finds that mark-and-sweep collection requires at most a small amount of additional CPU overhead (3-6%) but, requires an average of 20% (and up to 40%) less memory t ...

**2** [A scalable mark-sweep garbage collector on large-scale shared-memory machines](#)

Toshio Endo, Kenjiro Taura, Akinori Yonezawa

November 1997 **Proceedings of the 1997 ACM/IEEE conference on Supercomputing (CDROM)**

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(96.62 KB\)](#)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#)

This work describes implementation of a mark-sweep garbage collector (GC) for shared-memory machines and reports its performance. It is a simple "parallel" collector in which all processors cooperatively traverse objects in the global shared heap. The collector stops the application program during a collection and assumes a uniform access cost to all locations in the shared heap. Implementation is based on the Boehm-Demers-Weiser conservative GC (Boehm GC). Experiments have been done on Ultra ...

**Keywords:** dynamic load balancing, garbage collection, parallel algorithm, scalability, shared-memory machine

**3** [The derivation of distributed termination detection algorithms from garbage collection schemes](#)

Gerard Tel, Friedemann Mattern

January 1993 **ACM Transactions on Programming Languages and Systems (TOPLAS)**, Volume 15 Issue 1

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(2.36 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citings](#), [index terms](#)

It is shown that the termination detection problem for distributed computations can be modeled as an instance of the garbage collection problem. Consequently, algorithms for the termination detection problem are obtained by applying transformations to garbage collection algorithms. The transformation can be applied to collectors of the "mark-and-sweep" type as well as to reference-counting protocol of Lermen and Maurer, the weighted-reference-counting protocol, the local-referen ...

**Keywords:** distributed algorithms, distributed termination detection, garbage collection, program transformations


#### 4 A mark-and-sweep collector C++



Daniel R. Edelson

February 1992 **Proceedings of the 19th ACM SIGPLAN-SIGACT symposium on Principles of programming languages**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(836.06 KB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citings](#), [index terms](#)

Our research is concerned with compiler-independent, tag-free garbage collection for the C++ programming language. We have previously presented a copying collector based on root registration. This paper presents a mark-and-sweep garbage collector that ameliorates shortcomings of the previous collector. We describe the two collectors and discuss why the new one is an improvement over the old one. We have tested this collector and a conservative collector in a VLSI CAD application, and this p ...

#### 5 Creating and preserving locality of java applications at allocation and garbage collection times



Yefim Shuf, Manish Gupta, Hubertus Franke, Andrew Appel, Jaswinder Pal Singh

November 2002 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 17th ACM SIGPLAN conference on Object-oriented programming, systems, languages, and applications OOPSLA '02**, Volume 37 Issue 11

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(180.20 KB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citings](#), [index terms](#)

The growing gap between processor and memory speeds is motivating the need for optimization strategies that improve data locality. A major challenge is to devise techniques suitable for pointer-intensive applications. This paper presents two techniques aimed at improving the memory behavior of pointer-intensive applications with dynamic memory allocation, such as those written in Java. First, we present an allocation time object placement technique based on the recently introduced notion of  $p$  ...

**Keywords:** JVM, Java, garbage collection, heap traversal, locality, locality based graph traversal, memory allocation, memory management, object co-allocation, object placement, prolific types, run-time systems

#### 6 Implementing an on-the-fly garbage collector for Java



Tamar Domani, Elliot K. Kolodner, Ethan Lewis, Eliot E. Salant, Katherine Barabash, Itai Lahan, Yossi Levanoni, Erez Petrank, Igor Yanorer

October 2000 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2nd international symposium on Memory management ISMM '00**, Volume 36 Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press




Full text available:  pdf(1.33 MB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citings](#), [index terms](#)


Java uses garbage collection (GC) for the automatic reclamation of computer memory no longer required by a running application. GC implementations for Java Virtual Machines (JVM) are typically designed for single processor machines, and do not necessarily perform well for a server program with many threads running on a multiprocessor. We designed and implemented an on-the-fly GC, based on the algorithm of Döligez, Leroy and Gonthier [13, 12] (DLG), for Java in this environment. An *on-the-f* ...

**Keywords:** *Java, concurrent garbage collection, garbage collection, memory management, on-the-fly garbage collection, programming languages*

## 7 MC<sup>2</sup>: high-performance garbage collection for memory-constrained environments

 Narendran Sachindran, J. Eliot B. Moss, Emery D. Berger  
October 2004 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 19th annual ACM SIGPLAN conference on Object-oriented programming, systems, languages, and applications OOPSLA '04**, Volume 39 Issue 10


**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(503.53 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citings](#), [index terms](#)


Java is becoming an important platform for memory-constrained consumer devices such as PDAs and cellular phones, because it provides safety and portability. Since Java uses garbage collection, efficient garbage collectors that run in constrained memory are essential. Typical collection techniques used on these devices are mark-sweep and mark-compact. Mark-sweep collectors can provide good throughput and pause times but suffer from fragmentation. Mark-compact collectors prevent fragmentation, ...

**Keywords:** copying collector, generational collector, java, mark-compact, mark-copy, mark-sweep, memory-constrained copying

## 8 Garbage collection and task deletion in distributed applicative processing systems

 Paul Hudak, Robert M. Keller  
August 1982 **Proceedings of the 1982 ACM symposium on LISP and functional programming**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(949.06 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citings](#), [index terms](#)

The problem of automatic storage reclamation for distributed implementations of applicative languages is explored. Highly parallel distributed systems have several unique characteristics that complicate the reclamation process; in this setting, the deficiencies of existing storage reclamation schemes are thus noted. A real-time, effectively distributed, garbage collector of the mark-sweep variety, called the marking-tree collector, is shown to accomplish reclamation in parallel ...

## 9 Garbage collecting the Internet: a survey of distributed garbage collection

 Saleh E. Abdullahi, Graem A. Ringwood  
September 1998 **ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR)**, Volume 30 Issue 3

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(337.65 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citings](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

Internet programming languages such as Java present new challenges to garbage-collection design. The spectrum of garbage-collection schema for linked structures distributed over a network are reviewed here. Distributed garbage collectors are classified

first because they evolved from single-address-space collectors. This taxonomy is used as a framework to explore distribution issues: locality of action, communication overhead and indeterministic communication latency.

**Keywords:** automatic storage reclamation, distributed, distributed file systems, distributed memories, distributed object-oriented management, memory management, network communication, object-oriented databases, reference counting

10 A parallel, incremental, mostly concurrent garbage collector for servers

 Katherine Barabash, Ori Ben-Yitzhak, Irit Gofit, Elliot K. Kolodner, Victor Leikehman, Yoav Ossia, Avi Owshanko, Erez Petrank  
November 2005 **ACM Transactions on Programming Languages and Systems (TOPLAS)**, Volume 27 Issue 6


**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  [pdf\(683.50 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)


Multithreaded applications with multigigabyte heaps running on modern servers provide new challenges for garbage collection (GC). The challenges for "server-oriented" GC include: ensuring short pause times on a multigigabyte heap while minimizing throughput penalty, good scaling on multiprocessor hardware, and keeping the number of expensive multicycle fence instructions required by weak ordering to a minimum. We designed and implemented a collector facing these demands building on th ...

**Keywords:** Garbage collection, JVM, concurrent garbage collection

11 Myths and realities: the performance impact of garbage collection

 Stephen M. Blackburn, Perry Cheng, Kathryn S. McKinley  
June 2004 **ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review , Proceedings of the joint international conference on Measurement and modeling of computer systems SIGMETRICS '04/Performance '04**, Volume 32 Issue 1


**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  [pdf\(305.06 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

This paper explores and quantifies garbage collection behavior for three whole heap collectors and generational counterparts: *copying semi-space*, *mark-sweep*, and *reference counting*, the canonical algorithms from which essentially all other collection algorithms are derived. Efficient implementations in MMTk, a Java memory management toolkit, in IBM's Jikes RVM share all common mechanisms to provide a clean experimental platform. Instrumentation separates collector and program behav ...

**Keywords:** generational, java, mark-sweep, reference counting, semi-space

12 A generational mostly-concurrent garbage collector

 Tony Printezis, David Detlefs  
October 2000 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2nd international symposium on Memory management ISMM '00**, Volume 36 Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  [pdf\(1.67 MB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

This paper reports our experiences with a mostly-concurrent incremental garbage collector, implemented in the context of a high performance virtual machine for the Java™ programming language. The garbage collector is based on the "mostly parallel" collection algorithm of Boehm *et al.* and can be used as the old generation of a generational

memory system. It overloads efficient write-barrier code already generated to support generational garbage collection to also identify ...

### 13 The treadmill: real-time garbage collection without motion sickness



Henry G. Baker

March 1992 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices**, Volume 27 Issue 3

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(464.25 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

A simple real-time garbage collection algorithm is presented which does not copy, thereby avoiding some of the problems caused by the asynchronous motion of objects. This in-place "treadmill" garbage collection scheme has approximately the same complexity as other non-moving garbage collectors, thus making it usable in a high-level language implementation where some pointers cannot be traced. The treadmill is currently being used in a Lisp system built in Ada.

### 14 An on-the-fly reference-counting garbage collector for java



Yossi Levanoni, Erez Petrank

January 2006 **ACM Transactions on Programming Languages and Systems (TOPLAS)**, Volume 28 Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(787.15 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Reference-counting is traditionally considered unsuitable for multiprocessor systems. According to conventional wisdom, the update of reference slots and reference-counts requires atomic or synchronized operations. In this work we demonstrate this is not the case by presenting a novel reference-counting algorithm suitable for a multiprocessor system that does not require any synchronized operation in its write barrier (not even a compare-and-swap type of synchronization). A second novelty of this ...

**Keywords:** Programming languages, garbage collection, memory management, reference-counting

### 15 Mark-copy: fast copying GC with less space overhead



Narendran Sachindran, J. Eliot, B. Moss

October 2003 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 18th annual ACM SIGPLAN conference on Object-oriented programming, systems, languages, and applications OOPSLA '03**, Volume 38 Issue 11

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(297.93 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Copying garbage collectors have a number of advantages over non-copying collectors, including cheap allocation and avoiding fragmentation. However, in order to provide completeness (the guarantee to reclaim each garbage object eventually), standard copying collectors require space equal to twice the size of the maximum live data for a program. We present a *mark-copy* collection algorithm (MC) that extends generational copying collection and significantly reduces the heap space required to ...

**Keywords:** Java, copying collector, generational collector, mark-copy, mark-sweep


### 16 A distributed garbage collector for active objects



Isabelle Puaut

October 1994 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the ninth annual conference on Object-oriented programming systems, language, and applications**

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(2.18 MB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

This paper presents an algorithm that performs garbage collection in distributed systems of active objects (i.e., objects having their own threads of control). Our proposition extends the basic marking algorithm proposed by Kafura in [1] to a distributed environment. The proposed garbage collector is made up of a set of local garbage collectors, one per site, loosely coupled to a (logically centralized) global garbage collector that maintains a global snapshot of the system state relevant t ...

## 17 The Compressor: concurrent, incremental, and parallel compaction



Haim Kermany, Erez Petrank

June 2006 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2006 ACM SIGPLAN conference on Programming language design and implementation PLDI '06**, Volume 41 Issue 6

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(483.26 KB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

The widely used Mark-and-Sweep garbage collector has a drawback in that it does not move objects during collection. As a result, large long-running realistic applications, such as Web application servers, frequently face the fragmentation problem. To eliminate fragmentation, a heap compaction is run periodically. However, compaction typically imposes very long undesirable pauses in the application. While efficient concurrent collectors are ubiquitous in production runtime systems (such as JVMs), ...

**Keywords:** compaction, concurrent garbage collection, garbage collection, memory management, runtime systems

## 18 Controlling fragmentation and space consumption in the metronome, a real-time garbage collector for Java



David F. Bacon, Perry Cheng, V. T. Rajan

June 2003 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2003 ACM SIGPLAN conference on Language, compiler, and tool for embedded systems LCTES '03**, Volume 38 Issue 7

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(354.15 KB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Now that the use of garbage collection in languages like Java is becoming widely accepted due to the safety and software engineering benefits it provides, there is significant interest in applying garbage collection to hard real-time systems. Past approaches have generally suffered from one of two major flaws: either they were not provably real-time, or they imposed large space overheads to meet the real-time bounds. Our previous work [3] presented the Metronome, a mostly non-copying real-time co ...

**Keywords:** compaction, cost model, fragmentation, space bounds.

## 19 Cache performance of garbage-collected programs




Mark B. Reinhold

June 1994 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the ACM SIGPLAN 1994 conference on Programming language design and implementation PLDI '94**, Volume 29 Issue 6

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available:

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index](#)

 pdf(1.46 MB)

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As processor speeds continue to improve relative to main-memory access times, cache performance is becoming an increasingly important component of program performance. Prior work on the cache performance of garbage-collected programs either argues or assumes that conventional garbage-collection methods will yield poor performance, and has therefore concentrated on new collection algorithms designed specifically to improve cache-level reference locality. This paper argues to the c ...

## 20 [Robust, distributed references and acyclic garbage collection](#)



Marc Shapiro, Peter Dickman, David Plainfossé

October 1992 **Proceedings of the eleventh annual ACM symposium on Principles of distributed computing PODC '92**

Publisher: ACM Press





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### 1 [Static determination of allocation rates to support real-time garbage collection](#)



Tobias Mann, Morgan Deters, Rob LeGrand, Ron K. Cytron

June 2005 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2005 ACM SIGPLAN/SIGBED conference on Languages, compilers, and tools for embedded systems LCTES '05**, Volume 40 Issue 7

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(175.91 KB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

While it is generally accepted that garbage-collected languages offer advantages over languages in which objects must be explicitly deallocated, real-time developers are leery of the adverse effects a garbage collector might have on real-time performance. Semiautomatic approaches based on regions have been proposed, but incorrect usage could cause unbounded storage leaks or program failure. Moreover, correct usage cannot be guaranteed at compile time. Recently, real-time garbage collectors have ...

**Keywords:** allocation rate, real-time garbage collection, static analysis

### 2 [Comparing mark-and sweep and stop-and-copy garbage collection](#)



Benjamin Zorn

May 1990 **Proceedings of the 1990 ACM conference on LISP and functional programming**

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(1.02 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Stop-and-copy garbage collection has been preferred to mark-and-sweep collection in the last decade because its collection time is proportional to the size of reachable data and not to the memory size. This paper compares the CPU overhead and the memory requirements of the two collection algorithms extended with generations, and finds that mark-and-sweep collection requires at most a small amount of additional CPU overhead (3-6%) but, requires an average of 20% (and up to 40%) less memory t ...

### 3 [Garbage collection for virtual memory computer systems](#)



H. D. Baecker

November 1972 **Communications of the ACM**, Volume 15 Issue 11

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(578.16 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#)

In list processing there is typically a growing demand for space during program execution. This paper examines the practical implications of this growth within a virtual memory computer system, proposes two new garbage collection techniques for virtual memory systems, and compares them with traditional methods by discussion and by simulation.

**Keywords:** garbage collection, list processing, page tables, paging, segmentation, virtual memory

#### 4 On the usefulness of type and liveness accuracy for garbage collection and leak detection



Martin Hirzel, Amer Diwan, Johannes Henkel

November 2002 **ACM Transactions on Programming Languages and Systems (TOPLAS)**, Volume 24 Issue 6

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(684.85 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

The effectiveness of garbage collectors and leak detectors in identifying dead objects depends on the *accuracy* of their reachability traversal. Accuracy has two orthogonal dimensions: (i) whether the reachability traversal can distinguish between pointers and nonpointers (*type accuracy*), and (ii) whether the reachability traversal can identify memory locations that will be dereferenced in the future (*liveness accuracy*). This article presents an experimental study of the impo ...

**Keywords:** Conservative garbage collection, leak detection, liveness accuracy, program analysis, type accuracy

#### 5 Cycles to recycle: garbage collection to the IA-64



Richard L. Hudson, J. Elliot Moss, Sreenivas Subramoney, Weldon Washburn

October 2000 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2nd international symposium on Memory management ISMM '00**, Volume 36 Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(1.25 MB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

The IA-64, Intel's 64-bit instruction set architecture, exhibits a number of interesting architectural features. Here we consider those features as they relate to supporting garbage collection (GC). We aim to assist GC and compiler implementors by describing how one may exploit features of the IA-64. Along the way, we record some previously unpublished object scanning techniques, and offer novel ones for object allocation (suggesting some simple operating system support that would simplify it ...

#### 6 An efficient parallel heap compaction algorithm



Diab Abuaiadh, Yoav Ossia, Erez Petrank, Uri Silbershtein

October 2004 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 19th annual ACM SIGPLAN conference on Object-oriented programming, systems, languages, and applications OOPSLA '04**, Volume 39 Issue 10

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(291.11 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

We propose a heap compaction algorithm appropriate for modern computing environments. Our algorithm is targeted at SMP platforms. It demonstrates high scalability when running in parallel but is also extremely efficient when running single-threaded on a uniprocessor. Instead of using the standard forwarding pointer mechanism for updating pointers to moved objects, the algorithm saves information for a pack of objects. It then does a small computation to process this information and determine ...

**Keywords:** JVM, compaction, garbage collection, java, parallel compaction, parallel garbage collection

7 Tag-free garbage collection using explicit type parameters



Andrew Tolmach

July 1994 **ACM SIGPLAN Lisp Pointers , Proceedings of the 1994 ACM conference on LISP and functional programming LFP '94**, Volume VII Issue 3

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(1.04 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

We have constructed a practical tag-free garbage collector based on explicit type parameterization of polymorphic functions, for a dialect of ML. The collector relies on type information derived from an explicitly-typed 2nd-order representation of the program, generated by the compiler as a byproduct of ordinary Hindley-Milner type inference. Runtime type manipulations are performed lazily to minimize execution overhead. We present details of our implementation approach, and preliminary per ...

8 On the type accuracy of garbage collection



Martin Hirzel, Amer Diwan

October 2000 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2nd international symposium on Memory management ISMM '00**, Volume 36 Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(1.25 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

We describe a novel approach to obtaining type-accurate information for garbage collection in a hardware and language independent way. Our approach uses a run-time analysis to propagate pointer/non-pointer information from significant type events (such as allocation, which always returns a pointer). We use this technique to perform a detailed comparison of garbage collectors with different levels of accuracy and explicit deallocation on a range of C programs. We take advantage of the portabil ...

9 MC<sup>2</sup>: high-performance garbage collection for memory-constrained environments



Narendran Sachindran, J. Eliot B. Moss, Emery D. Berger

October 2004 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 19th annual ACM SIGPLAN conference on Object-oriented programming, systems, languages, and applications OOPSLA '04**, Volume 39 Issue 10

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(503.53 KB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Java is becoming an important platform for memory-constrained consumer devices such as PDAs and cellular phones, because it provides safety and portability. Since Java uses garbage collection, efficient garbage collectors that run in constrained memory are essential. Typical collection techniques used on these devices are mark-sweep and mark-compact. Mark-sweep collectors can provide good throughput and pause times but suffer from fragmentation. Mark-compact collectors prevent fragmentation, ...

**Keywords:** copying collector, generational collector, java, mark-compact, mark-copy, mark-sweep, memory-constrained copying

10 Lock-free garbage collection for multiprocessors



Maurice P. Herlihy, J. E. B. Moss

June 1991 **Proceedings of the third annual ACM symposium on Parallel algorithms**



**and architectures**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(801.91 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

**11** A parallel, incremental, mostly concurrent garbage collector for servers



Katherine Barabash, Ori Ben-Yitzhak, Irit Gofit, Elliot K. Kolodner, Victor Leikehman, Yoav Ossia, Avi Owshanko, Erez Petrank

November 2005 **ACM Transactions on Programming Languages and Systems (TOPLAS)**, Volume 27 Issue 6

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(683.50 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Multithreaded applications with multigigabyte heaps running on modern servers provide new challenges for garbage collection (GC). The challenges for "server-oriented" GC include: ensuring short pause times on a multigigabyte heap while minimizing throughput penalty, good scaling on multiprocessor hardware, and keeping the number of expensive multicycle fence instructions required by weak ordering to a minimum. We designed and implemented a collector facing these demands building on th ...

**Keywords:** Garbage collection, JVM, concurrent garbage collection

**12** Trading data space for reduced time and code space in real-time garbage collection on stock hardware



Rodney A. Brooks

August 1984 **Proceedings of the 1984 ACM Symposium on LISP and functional programming**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(665.85 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

This paper presents a new storage representation for cons cells (and all other LISP heap data structures) which allows more time efficient LISP with real-time garbage collection on stock hardware. "Stock hardware" refers to common modern architectures for Von Neumann uni-processors (e.g. MC68000, IBM370, VAX, NS32032, etc.). Previous real-time garbage collection schemes have either explicitly required specially tailored hardware in order to avoid multiple order of magnitude slow ...

**13** The Compressor: concurrent, incremental, and parallel compaction



Haim Kermany, Erez Petrank

June 2006 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2006 ACM SIGPLAN conference on Programming language design and implementation PLDI '06**, Volume 41 Issue 6

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(483.26 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

The widely used Mark-and-Sweep garbage collector has a drawback in that it does not move objects during collection. As a result, large long-running realistic applications, such as Web application servers, frequently face the fragmentation problem. To eliminate fragmentation, a heap compaction is run periodically. However, compaction typically imposes very long undesirable pauses in the application. While efficient concurrent collectors are ubiquitous in production runtime systems (such as JVMs), ...

**Keywords:** compaction, concurrent garbage collection, garbage collection, memory management, runtime systems

14 Memory safety without garbage collection for embedded applications



Dinakar Dhurjati, Sumant Kowshik, Vikram Adve, Chris Lattner

February 2005 **ACM Transactions on Embedded Computing Systems (TECS)**, Volume 4  
Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(511.25 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Traditional approaches to enforcing memory safety of programs rely heavily on run-time checks of memory accesses and on garbage collection, both of which are unattractive for embedded applications. The goal of our work is to develop advanced compiler techniques for enforcing memory safety with minimal run-time overheads. In this paper, we describe a set of compiler techniques that, together with minor semantic restrictions on C programs and no new syntax, ensure memory safety and provide most of ...

**Keywords:** Embedded systems, automatic pool allocation, compilers, programming languages, region management, security, static analysis

15 Myths and realities: the performance impact of garbage collection



Stephen M. Blackburn, Perry Cheng, Kathryn S. McKinley

June 2004 **ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review , Proceedings of the joint international conference on Measurement and modeling of computer systems SIGMETRICS '04/Performance '04**, Volume 32 Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(305.06 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

This paper explores and quantifies garbage collection behavior for three whole heap collectors and generational counterparts: *copying semi-space*, *mark-sweep*, and *reference counting*, the canonical algorithms from which essentially all other collection algorithms are derived. Efficient implementations in MMTk, a Java memory management toolkit, in IBM's Jikes RVM share all common mechanisms to provide a clean experimental platform. Instrumentation separates collector and program behavior ...

**Keywords:** generational, java, mark-sweep, reference counting, semi-space

16 List processing in real time on a serial computer



Henry G. Baker

April 1978 **Communications of the ACM**, Volume 21 Issue 4

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(1.55 MB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

A real-time list processing system is one in which the time required by the elementary list operations (e.g. CONS, CAR, CDR, RPLACA, RPLACD, EQ, and ATOM in LISP) is bounded by a (small) constant. Classical implementations of list processing systems lack this property because allocating a list cell from the heap may cause a garbage collection, which process requires time proportional to the heap size to finish. A real-time list processing system is presented which continuously reclaims garbage ...

**Keywords:** CDR-coding, LISP, compacting, file or database management, garbage collection, list processing, real-time, reference counting, storage allocation, storage management, virtual memory

17 Garbage collection in generic libraries



Gor V. Nishanov, Sibylle Schupp

October 1998 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices**, **Proceedings of the 1st international symposium on Memory management ISMM '98**, Volume 34 Issue 3

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(1.16 MB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

This paper demonstrates a unified and garbage-collector independent way to describe the information required for precise collection. Thereby it is possible to construct, a library that can be used with various garbage collectors, without modifying the code of the library or the collector itself. The library design presented applies the adaptor idiom of generic programming which guarantees no overhead incurred if the library is used with manual allocators or with garbage collectors that do not re ...

18 MEDEA'05: Dusty caches for reference counting garbage collection



Scott Friedman, Praveen Krishnamurthy, Roger Chamberlain, Ron K. Cytron, Jason E. Fritts

September 2005 **ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News**, **Proceedings of the 2005 workshop on Memory performance: DEaling with Applications , systems and architecture MEDEA '05**, Volume 34 Issue 1

**Publisher:** IEEE Computer Society, ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(355.45 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Reference counting is a garbage-collection technique that maintains a per-object count of the number of pointers to that object. When the count reaches zero, the object must be dead and can be collected. Although it is cannot detect all garbage on its own, it is well suited for some applications and is implemented typically in conjunction with other methods to increase overall precision. A disadvantage of reference counting is the extra storage traffic that is introduced. In this paper, we descr ...

19 Garbage collecting the Internet: a survey of distributed garbage collection



Saleh E. Abdullahi, Graem A. Ringwood

September 1998 **ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR)**, Volume 30 Issue 3

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(337.65 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

Internet programming languages such as Java present new challenges to garbage-collection design. The spectrum of garbage-collection schema for linked structures distributed over a network are reviewed here. Distributed garbage collectors are classified first because they evolved from single-address-space collectors. This taxonomy is used as a framework to explore distribution issues: locality of action, communication overhead and indeterministic communication latency.

**Keywords:** automatic storage reclamation, distributed, distributed file systems, distributed memories, distributed object-oriented management, memory management, network communication, object-oriented databases, reference counting

20 Concurrency: Message analysis-guided allocation and low-pause incremental garbage collection in a concurrent language



Konstantinos Sagonas, Jesper Wilhelmsson

October 2004 **Proceedings of the 4th international symposium on Memory management**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(650.12 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

We present a memory management scheme for a concurrent programming language

where communication occurs using message-passing with copying semantics. The runtime system is built around process-local heaps, which frees the memory manager from redundant synchronization in a multithreaded implementation and allows the memory reclamation of process-local heaps to be a private business and to often take place without garbage collection. The allocator is guided by a static analysis which speculative ...

**Keywords:** Erlang, concurrent languages, incremental and real-time garbage collection, thread-local heaps

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Relevance scale ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐**1** [Reducing sweep time for a nearly empty heap](#)

Yoo C. Chung, Soo-Mook Moon, Kemal Ebcioglu, Dan Sahlin

January 2000 **Proceedings of the 27th ACM SIGPLAN-SIGACT symposium on  
Principles of programming languages**

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(1.31 MB\)](#)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Mark and sweep garbage collectors are known for using time proportional to the heap size when sweeping memory, since all objects in the heap, regardless of whether they are live or not, must be visited in order to reclaim the memory occupied by dead objects. This paper introduces a sweeping method which traverses only the live objects, so that sweeping can be done in time dependent only on the number of live objects in the heap. This allows each collection to use time independent ...

**2** [An on-the-fly mark and sweep garbage collector based on sliding views](#)

Hezi Azatchi, Yossi Levanoni, Harel Paz, Erez Petrank

October 2003 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 18th annual ACM SIGPLAN  
conference on Object-oriented programming, systems, languages, and  
applications OOPSLA '03**, Volume 38 Issue 11

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(244.12 KB\)](#)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

With concurrent and garbage collected languages like Java and C# becoming popular, the need for a suitable non-intrusive, efficient, and concurrent multiprocessor garbage collector has become acute. We propose a novel mark and sweep on-the-fly algorithm based on the sliding views mechanism of Levanoni and Petrank. We have implemented our collector on the Jikes Java Virtual Machine running on a Netfinity multiprocessor and compared it to the concurrent algorithm and to the stop-the-world collecto ...


**Keywords:** concurrent garbage collection, garbage collection, memory management, on-the-fly garbage collection, runtime systems

**3** [Very concurrent mark-&-sweep garbage collection without fine-grain synchronization](#)

Lorenz Huelsbergen, Phil Winterbottom

October 1998 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 1st international symposium  
on Memory management ISMM '98**, Volume 34 Issue 3

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(1.36 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

We describe a new incremental algorithm for the concurrent reclamation of a program's allocated, yet unreachable, data. Our algorithm is a variant of mark-&-sweep collection that---unlike prior designs---runs mutator, marker, and sweeper threads concurrently *without* explicit fine-grain synchronization on shared-memory multiprocessors. A global, but infrequent, synchronization coordinates the per-object coloring marks used by the three threads; fine-grain synchronization is achieved ...

#### 4 Virtual memory on a narrow machine for an object-oriented language



Ted Kaehler

June 1986 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Conference proceedings on Object-oriented programming systems, languages and applications OOPSLA '86**, Volume 21 Issue 11

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(1.66 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

LOOM (Large Object-Oriented Memory) is a virtual memory implemented in software that supports the Smalltalk-80(™) programming language and environment on the Xerox Dorado computer. LOOM provides 8 billion bytes of secondary memory address space and is specifically designed to run on computers with a narrow word size (16-bit wide words). All storage is viewed as objects that contain fields. Objects may have an average size as small as 10 fields. LOOM swaps objects between primary and s ...

#### 5 Level set and PDE methods for computer graphics



David Breen, Ron Fedkiw, Ken Museth, Stanley Osher, Guillermo Sapiro, Ross Whitaker  
August 2004 **ACM SIGGRAPH 2004 Course Notes SIGGRAPH '04**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available:  pdf(17.07 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citations](#)


Level set methods, an important class of partial differential equation (PDE) methods, define dynamic surfaces implicitly as the level set (iso-surface) of a sampled, evolving nD function. The course begins with preparatory material that introduces the concept of using partial differential equations to solve problems in computer graphics, geometric modeling and computer vision. This will include the structure and behavior of several different types of differential equations, e.g. the level set eq ...

#### 6 VSched: Mixing Batch And Interactive Virtual Machines Using Periodic Real-time Scheduling

Bin Lin, Peter A. Dinda

November 2005 **Proceedings of the 2005 ACM/IEEE conference on Supercomputing SC '05**

**Publisher:** IEEE Computer Society

Full text available:  pdf(8.96 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

We are developing Virtuoso, a system for distributed computing using virtual machines (VMs). Virtuoso must be able to mix batch and interactive VMs on the same physical hardware, while satisfying constraint on responsiveness and compute rates for each workload. VSched is the component of Virtuoso that provides this capability. VSched is an entirely user-level tool that interacts with the stock Linux kernel running below any type-11 virtual machine monitor to schedule VMs (indeed, any process) ...

#### 7 Tuning garbage collection for reducing memory system energy in an embedded java environment



G. Chen, R. Shetty, M. Kandemir, N. Vijaykrishnan, M. J. Irwin, M. Wolczko  
November 2002 **ACM Transactions on Embedded Computing Systems (TECS)**, Volume 1  
Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(740.23 KB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Java has been widely adopted as one of the software platforms for the seamless integration of diverse computing devices. Over the last year, there has been great momentum in adopting Java technology in devices such as cellphones, PDAs, and pagers where optimizing energy consumption is critical. Since, traditionally, the Java virtual machine (JVM), the cornerstone of Java technology, is tuned for performance, taking into account energy consumption requires reevaluation, and possibly redesign of t ...

**Keywords:** Garbage collector, Java Virtual Machine (JVM), K Virtual Machine (KVM), low power computing

## 8 How java programs interact with virtual machines at the microarchitectural level



Lieven Eeckhout, Andy Georges, Koen De Bosschere

October 2003 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 18th annual ACM SIGPLAN conference on Object-oriented programing, systems, languages, and applications OOPSLA '03**, Volume 38 Issue 11

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(348.88 KB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Java workloads are becoming increasingly prominent on various platforms ranging from embedded systems, over general-purpose computers to high-end servers. Understanding the implications of all the aspects involved when running Java workloads, is thus extremely important during the design of a system that will run such workloads. In other words, understanding the interaction between the Java application, its input and the virtual machine it runs on, is key to a succesful design. The goal of this ...

**Keywords:** Java workloads, performance analysis, statistical data analysis, virtual machine technology, workload characterization

## 9 Effectiveness of cross-platform optimizations for a java just-in-time compiler



Kazuaki Ishizaki, Mikio Takeuchi, Kiyokuni Kawachiya, Toshio Suganuma, Osamu Gohda, Tatsushi Inagaki, Akira Koseki, Kazunori Ogata, Motohiro Kawahito, Toshiaki Yasue, Takeshi Ogasawara, Tamiya Onodera, Hideaki Komatsu, Toshio Nakatani

October 2003 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 18th annual ACM SIGPLAN conference on Object-oriented programing, systems, languages, and applications OOPSLA '03**, Volume 38 Issue 11

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(405.65 KB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

This paper describes the system overview of our Java Just-In-Time (JIT) compiler, which is the basis for the latest production version of IBM Java JIT compiler that supports a diversity of processor architectures including both 32-bit and 64-bit modes, CISC, RISC, and VLIW architectures. In particular, we focus on the design and evaluation of the cross-platform optimizations that are common across different architectures. We studied the effectiveness of each optimization by selectively disabling ...

**Keywords:** Java, just-in-time compiler, optimization

10 Software prefetching for mark-sweep garbage collection: hardware analysis and software redesign



Chen-Yong Cher, Antony L. Hosking, T. N. Vijaykumar

October 2004 **ACM SIGOPS Operating Systems Review**, **ACM SIGPLAN Notices**, **ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News**, **Proceedings of the 11th international conference on Architectural support for programming languages and operating systems ASPLOS-XI**, Volume 38, 39, 32 Issue 5, 11, 5

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(165.32 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Tracing garbage collectors traverse references from live program variables, transitively tracing out the closure of live objects. Memory accesses incurred during tracing are essentially random: a given object may contain references to any other object. Since application heaps are typically much larger than hardware caches, tracing results in many cache misses. Technology trends will make cache misses more important, so tracing is a prime target for prefetching. Simulation of Java benchmarks runni ...

**Keywords:** breadth-first, buffered prefetch, cache architecture, depth-first, garbage collection, mark-sweep, prefetch-on-grey, prefetching

11 Controlling garbage collection and heap growth to reduce the execution time of Java applications



Tim Brecht, Eshrat Arjomandi, Chang Li, Hang Pham

September 2006 **ACM Transactions on Programming Languages and Systems (TOPLAS)**, Volume 28 Issue 5

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(335.24 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

In systems that support garbage collection, a tension exists between collecting garbage too frequently and not collecting it frequently enough. Garbage collection that occurs too frequently may introduce unnecessary overheads at the risk of not collecting much garbage during each cycle. On the other hand, collecting garbage too infrequently can result in applications that execute with a large amount of virtual memory (i.e., with a large footprint) and suffer from increased execution times due to ...

**Keywords:** Garbage collection, Java, heap growth, implementation, memory management, performance measurement, programming languages

12 List processing in real time on a serial computer



Henry G. Baker

April 1978 **Communications of the ACM**, Volume 21 Issue 4

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(1.55 MB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

A real-time list processing system is one in which the time required by the elementary list operations (e.g. CONS, CAR, CDR, RPLACA, RPLACD, EQ, and ATOM in LISP) is bounded by a (small) constant. Classical implementations of list processing systems lack this property because allocating a list cell from the heap may cause a garbage collection, which process requires time proportional to the heap size to finish. A real-time list processing system is presented which continuously reclaims garb ...

**Keywords:** CDR-coding, LISP, compacting, file or database management, garbage collection, list processing, real-time, reference counting, storage allocation, storage



management, virtual memory

13 Comparing mark-and sweep and stop-and-copy garbage collection



Benjamin Zorn

May 1990 **Proceedings of the 1990 ACM conference on LISP and functional programming**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(1.02 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Stop-and-copy garbage collection has been preferred to mark-and-sweep collection in the last decade because its collection time is proportional to the size of reachable data and not to the memory size. This paper compares the CPU overhead and the memory requirements of the two collection algorithms extended with generations, and finds that mark-and-sweep collection requires at most a small amount of additional CPU overhead (3-6%) but, requires an average of 20% (and up to 40%) less memory t ...

14 GPGPU: general purpose computation on graphics hardware



David Luebke, Mark Harris, Jens Krüger, Tim Purcell, Naga Govindaraju, Ian Buck, Cliff Woolley, Aaron Lefohn

August 2004 **ACM SIGGRAPH 2004 Course Notes SIGGRAPH '04**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(63.03 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citations](#)

The graphics processor (GPU) on today's commodity video cards has evolved into an extremely powerful and flexible processor. The latest graphics architectures provide tremendous memory bandwidth and computational horsepower, with fully programmable vertex and pixel processing units that support vector operations up to full IEEE floating point precision. High level languages have emerged for graphics hardware, making this computational power accessible. Architecturally, GPUs are highly parallel s ...

15 Older-first garbage collection in practice: evaluation in a Java Virtual Machine



Darko Stefanović, Matthew Hertz, Stephen M. Blackburn, Kathryn S. McKinley, J. Eliot B. Moss

June 2002 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2002 workshop on Memory system performance MSP '02**, Volume 38 Issue 2 supplement

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(1.15 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#)

Until recently, the best performing copying garbage collectors used a generational policy which repeatedly collects the very youngest objects, copies any survivors to an older space, and then infrequently collects the older space. A previous study that used garbage-collection simulation pointed to potential improvements by using an *Older-First* copying garbage collection algorithm. The Older-First algorithm sweeps a fixed-sized window through the heap from older to younger objects, and avo ...

16 An on-the-fly reference-counting garbage collector for java



Yossi Levroni, Erez Petrank

January 2006 **ACM Transactions on Programming Languages and Systems (TOPLAS)**, Volume 28 Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(787.15 KB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Reference-counting is traditionally considered unsuitable for multiprocessor systems. According to conventional wisdom, the update of reference slots and reference-counts requires atomic or synchronized operations. In this work we demonstrate this is not the

case by presenting a novel reference-counting algorithm suitable for a multiprocessor system that does not require any synchronized operation in its write barrier (not even a compare-and-swap type of synchronization). A second novelty of thi ...

**Keywords:** Programming languages, garbage collection, memory management, reference-counting

17 Concurrent garbage collection using hardware-assisted profiling



Timothy H. Heil, James E. Smith

October 2000 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 2nd international symposium on Memory management ISMM '00**, Volume 36 Issue 1

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(1.74 MB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

In the presence of on-chip multithreading, a Virtual Machine (VM) implementation can readily take advantage of *service threads* for enhancing performance by performing tasks such as profile collection and analysis, dynamic optimization, and garbage collection concurrently with program execution. In this context, a hardware-assisted profiling mechanism is proposed. The *Relational Profiling Architecture* (RPA) is designed from the top down. RPA is based on a relational model similar ...

18 New garbage collection algorithms and strategies: Dynamic selection of application-specific garbage collectors



Sunil Soman, Chandra Krintz, David F. Bacon

October 2004 **Proceedings of the 4th international symposium on Memory management**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(185.74 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Much prior work has shown that the performance enabled by garbage collection (GC) systems is highly dependent upon the behavior of the application as well as on the available resources. That is, no single GC enables the best performance for all programs and all heap sizes. To address this limitation, we present the design, implementation, and empirical evaluation of a novel Java Virtual Machine (JVM) extension that facilitates dynamic switching between a number of very different and popular g ...

**Keywords:** Java, annotation, application-specific collection, dynamic selection, hot-swapping, virtual machine

19 Programming languages: Garbage collection for embedded systems



David F. Bacon, Perry Cheng, David Grove

September 2004 **Proceedings of the 4th ACM international conference on Embedded software EMSOFT '04**

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(199.59 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Security concerns on embedded devices like cellular phones make Java an extremely attractive technology for providing third-party and user-downloadable functionality. However, garbage collectors have typically required several times the maximum live data set size (which is the minimum possible heap size) in order to run well. In addition, the size of the virtual machine (ROM) image and the size of the collector's data structures (metadata) have not been a concern for server- or workstation-orien ...

**Keywords:** compaction, fragmentation, mark-and-sweep, tracing

20 GCspy: an adaptable heap visualisation framework



Tony Printezis, Richard Jones

November 2002 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 17th ACM SIGPLAN conference on Object-oriented programming, systems, languages, and applications OOPSLA '02**, Volume 37 Issue 11

**Publisher:** ACM Press

Full text available: [pdf\(215.66 KB\)](#)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

GCspy is an architectural framework for the collection, transmission, storage and replay of memory management behaviour. It makes new contributions to the understanding of the dynamic memory behaviour of programming languages (and especially object-oriented languages that make heavy demands on the performance of memory managers). GCspy's architecture allows easy incorporation into *any* memory management system: it is not limited to garbage-collected languages. It requires only small change ...

**Keywords:** Java, garbage collection, language implementation, memory management, visualisation of objects

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2002 mark sweep concurrent garbage collectio

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The Recycler is a **concurrent** multiprocessor **garbage collector** with extremely ... often exhibits better locality properties than **mark-and-sweep** collectors. ...

[www.research.ibm.com/people/d/dfb/publications.html](http://www.research.ibm.com/people/d/dfb/publications.html) - 76k - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)

**[PPT] Engineering a Conservative Mark-Sweep Garbage Collector**

File Format: Microsoft Powerpoint - [View as HTML](#)

Such a **concurrent mark** phase can be "fixed" if we can ... the Usefulness of Type and Liveness Accuracy for **Garbage Collection**", TOPLAS 24, 6, November 2002. ...

[www.research.ibm.com/ismm04/slides/boehm-tutorial.ppt](http://www.research.ibm.com/ismm04/slides/boehm-tutorial.ppt) - [Similar pages](#)

**Who Is Collecting Your Java Garbage?**

Figure 2 shows **concurrent** GC using marking and sweeping. An example of a **mark-sweep** system is the generational on-the-fly **garbage collector** (T. Domani, ...

[doi.ieeecomputersociety.org/10.1109/MITP.2003.1191792](http://doi.ieeecomputersociety.org/10.1109/MITP.2003.1191792) - [Similar pages](#)

**[PDF] Age-Oriented Concurrent Garbage Collection**

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - [View as HTML](#)

An on-the-fly **mark**. and **sweep garbage collector** based on sliding view. ... 2002

Conference on Prog. Lang. Design and Impl., pages 153–164, 2002. ...

[www.cs.technion.ac.il/~erez/Papers/ao-cc.pdf](http://www.cs.technion.ac.il/~erez/Papers/ao-cc.pdf) - [Similar pages](#)

**Erez Petrank**

A Parallel, Incremental, Mostly **Concurrent Garbage Collection** for Servers. ... techniques to obtain a novel **mark** and **sweep** on-the-fly **garbage collector** with ...

[www.cs.technion.ac.il/~erez/projects.html](http://www.cs.technion.ac.il/~erez/projects.html) - 32k - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)

**A concurrent, generational garbage collector for a multithreaded ...**

Lorenz Huelsbergen , Phil Winterbottom, Very **concurrent mark-&-sweep garbage collection** without fine-grain synchronization, ACM SIGPLAN Notices, v.34 n.3, ...

[www.acm.org/pubs/citations/proceedings/plan/158511/p113-doligez/](http://www.acm.org/pubs/citations/proceedings/plan/158511/p113-doligez/) - 60k -

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**[PDF] A Real-Time Garbage Collector for Embedded Applications in CLI**

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - [View as HTML](#)

conservative **mark-sweep** GC without cooperation of a ... **Concurrent Garbage Collector**.

A traditional incremental GC that performs **collection** ...

[db.usenix.org/events/vm04/wips/goh.pdf](http://db.usenix.org/events/vm04/wips/goh.pdf) - [Similar pages](#)

**Richard Jones' Garbage Collection Bibliography**

**Concurrent garbage collection** in O2. In M. Jarke, M.J. Carey, K.R. Dittrich, ... Scalable hardware-algorithm for **mark-sweep garbage collection**. ...

[www.cs.kent.ac.uk/people/staff/rej/gcbib/gcbibS.html](http://www.cs.kent.ac.uk/people/staff/rej/gcbib/gcbibS.html) - 59k - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)

**[PDF] Fast Garbage Collection without a Long Wait**

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**mark-sweep collector** marks live objects, identifies all unmarked. objects, and frees them.

... mostly-**concurrent garbage collector**. In Proceedings of the ...

[cs.anu.edu.au/techreports/2002/TR-CS-02-06.pdf](http://cs.anu.edu.au/techreports/2002/TR-CS-02-06.pdf) - [Similar pages](#)

## Memory Management

We created a new **garbage collection** framework, GCTk, (2001-2002) in which we ... It also adds free-list memory managers (e.g., **mark-sweep** and reference ...  
[www-ali.cs.umass.edu/DaCapo/Memory\\_Management.html](http://www-ali.cs.umass.edu/DaCapo/Memory_Management.html) - 32k - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)

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LFP94 and OOPSLA93 Workshop on Memory Management and Ga. ...  
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Very **Concurrent Mark-&Sweep Garbage Collection** without Fine-Grain Synchronization.  
In Proceedings of the 1998 International Symposium on Memory Management, ...  
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### Welcome to IEEE Xplore 2.0: A multithreaded concurrent garbage ...

In this paper, a new multithreaded **concurrent** generational **garbage collector** (MCGC)  
based on **mark-sweep** with the assistance of reference counting is ...  
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File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat

**bage collector**, very **concurrent mark-sweep garbage col-** ... Arizona, April 3-5, 2002. [16]  
K.D. Nilsen and W.J. Schmidt, "A High Performance ...  
ieeexplore.ieee.org/iel5/7926/21854/01015550.pdf - [Similar pages](#)

### Fine-tuning Java garbage collection performance

If a Java application suffers from variable pause times due to **garbage collection**,  
**concurrent mark** can help minimize the pause variation, ...  
www.ibm.com/developerworks/library/i-gctroub/ - 65k - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)

### Sensible sanitation -- Understanding the IBM Java Garbage ...

verbosegc and a **concurrent mark System.gc collection** ... Part 2 reviewed how **garbage collection** works, and covered the three main phases: **mark sweep**, ...  
www.ibm.com/developerworks/library/i-garbage3.html - 55k - [Cached](#) - [Similar pages](#)  
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### Mostly concurrent compaction for mark-sweep GC

A **Mark-Sweep garbage collector** must occasionally execute a compaction, usually  
while ... and **concurrent GC** for servers, Proceedings of the ACM SIGPLAN 2002 ...  
portal.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=1029877&  
dl=acm&coll=&CFID=15151515&CFTOKEN=6184618 - [Similar pages](#)

### A generational mostly-concurrent garbage collector

These objects must be rescanned to ensure that the **concurrent** marking phase marks ...  
An on-the-fly **mark and sweep garbage collector** based on sliding views, ...  
portal.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=362480&coll=portal&dl=ACM - [Similar pages](#)  
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### [PPT] Garbage Collection in Java

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**Mark:** identify **garbage**; **Sweep:** Find **garbage** on heap, de-allocate it ... **Concurrent Garbage Collection.** -Xcongc; **Concurrent GC** allows other threads to keep ...  
java.quest.com/JUG/meetings/presentations/sep02/JUG%20Sept%202002.PPT -

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**Space efficient conservative garbage collection**

13 Detlefs, David L., "**Concurrent Garbage Collection** for C++", ... 14 Daniel R. Edelson, A  
**mark-and-sweep collector** C++, Proceedings of the 19th ACM ...

[www.acm.org/pubs/citations/proceedings/pldi/155090/p197-boehm/](http://www.acm.org/pubs/citations/proceedings/pldi/155090/p197-boehm/) - 53k -

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- 1 Leaf avoidance during garbage collection in a Java Virtual Machine**  
Inventor: BURKA PETER W (CA); SCIAMPACONE RYAN Applicant: IBM (US)  
A (CA); (+2)  
EC: IPC: **G06F17/30; G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US2006074990** - 2006-04-06
- 2 Benchmarking Garbage Collection in Java Virtual Machines**  
Inventor: LEE WOO-HYONG (KR) Applicant: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO LTD (KR)  
EC: IPC: **G06F11/34; G06F9/44; G06F9/45** (+11)  
Publication info: **GB2405506** - 2005-03-02
- 3 Method and apparatus for executing multiple JAVA(TM) applications on a single JAVA(TM) virtual machine**  
Inventor: KIENHOFER JUERGEN (US); DESHPANDE RANJIT (US) Applicant: SCO GROUP INC (US)  
EC: IPC: **G06F9/44; H04L9/00; G06F9/44** (+3)  
Publication info: **US6931544** - 2005-08-16
- 4 Garbage collection in a Java virtual machine**  
Inventor: TROTTER MARTIN JOHN (GB) Applicant: IBM (US)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G** IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F12/02** (+2)  
Publication info: **GB2345355** - 2000-07-05
- 5 Method for accelerating java virtual machine bytecode verification, just-in-time compilation and garbage collection by using a dedicated co-processor**  
Inventor: HENDLER DANNY (IL); LEVY JONATHAN (IL); Applicant: NAT SEMICONDUCTOR CORP (US)  
(+1)  
EC: **G06F9/38S4L; G06F9/445V** IPC: **G06F9/38; G06F9/445; G06F9/38** (+2)  
Publication info: **US6473777** - 2002-10-29
- 6 Method and apparatus for assisting garbage collection process within a java virtual machine**  
Inventor: HUBER GARY DOUGLAS (US); MCCAULEY DONALD WILLIAM (US) Applicant: IBM (US)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G** IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US6070173** - 2000-05-30

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27 results found in the Worldwide database for:

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- 1 Leaf avoidance during garbage collection in a Java Virtual Machine**  
Inventor: BURKA PETER W (CA); SCIAMPACONE RYAN Applicant: IBM (US)  
A (CA); (+2)  
EC: IPC: **G06F17/30; G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US2006074990** - 2006-04-06
- 2 Efficient parallel bitwise sweep during garbage collection**  
Inventor: BLANDY GEOFFREY O (US) Applicant: IBM (US)  
EC: IPC: **G06F12/14; G06F12/14; (IPC1-7): G06F12/14**  
Publication info: **US2005278487** - 2005-12-15
- 3 Work stealing queues for parallel garbage collection**  
Inventor: FLOOD CHRISTINE H (US); DETLEFS DAVID L Applicant: SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC (US)  
(US); (+3)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4G** IPC: **G06F9/46; G06F12/02; G06F17/30 (+4)**  
Publication info: **US2005132374** - 2005-06-16
- 4 Method and system for improving the concurrency and parallelism of mark-sweep-compact garbage collection**  
Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON Applicant:  
RICHARD L (US)  
EC: IPC: **G06F17/30; G06F17/30; (IPC1-7): G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US2005198088** - 2005-09-08
- 5 Bit vector toggling for concurrent mark-sweep garbage collection**  
Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON Applicant:  
RICHARD (US)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4** IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F17/30; G06F12/02 (+2)**  
Publication info: **US2005114413** - 2005-05-26
- 6 Method and system for the garbage collection of shared data**  
Inventor: BORMAN SAMUEL DAVID (GB); TROTTER Applicant: IBM (US)  
MARTIN JOHN (GB)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G** IPC: **(IPC1-7): G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US2003220952** - 2003-11-27
- 7 Trace termination for on-the-fly garbage collection for weakly-consistent computer architecture**  
Inventor: KOLODNER ELLIOT K (IL); LEWIS ETHAN Applicant: IBM (US)  
(IL); (+1)  
EC: **G06F11/34T; G06F12/02D2G4** IPC: **G06F11/34; G06F12/02; G06F11/34 (+2)**  
Publication info: **US2002120823** - 2002-08-29
- 8 Method for using cache prefetch feature to improve garbage collection algorithm**  
Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON Applicant:  
RICHARD L (US)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G; G06F12/08B8** IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F12/08; G06F12/02 (+2)**  
Publication info: **US2002199065** - 2002-12-26
- 9 WORK-STEALING QUEUES FOR PARALLEL GARBAGE COLLECTION**  
Inventor: FLOOD CHRISTINE H; AGESEN OLE; (+3) Applicant: SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC (US)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4; G06F12/02D2G4G** IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00**  
Publication info: **WO0188713** - 2001-11-22
- 10 Elimination of coloring during object creation for concurrent garbage collection**

**Inventor:** LEWIS ETHAN (IL)

**Applicant:** IBM (US)

**EC:** G06F12/02D2G4

**IPC:** *G06F12/02*; *G06F12/02*; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00

**Publication Info:** **US2002147899** - 2002-10-10

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### 11 Striding-type generation scanning for parallel garbage collection

Inventor: FLOOD CHRISTINE H (US); DETLEFS DAVID L Applicant: SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC (US)  
(US)

EC: G06F12/02D2G4G

IPC: G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F17/30

Publication Info: US6526422 - 2003-02-25

### 12 Local allocation buffers for parallel garbage collection

Inventor: FLOOD CHRISTINE H (US); DETLEFS DAVID L Applicant: SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC (US)  
(US); (+1)

EC: G06F12/02D2G4; G06F12/02D2G4G

IPC: G06F12/02; G06F17/30; G06F12/02 (+2)

Publication Info: US6826583 - 2004-11-30

### 13 Adaptive scheduling of garbage collection in a mobile phone

Inventor: PATEL MARK ARMIN (US)

Applicant: MOTOROLA INC (US)

EC: G06F12/02D2G

IPC: G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F12/02

Publication info: GB2359647 - 2001-08-29

### 14 Method and system for using a mark-list for garbage collection

Inventor: DUSSUD PATRICK H (US)

Applicant: MICROSOFT CORP (US)

EC: G06F12/02D2G

IPC: G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00

Publication info: US6622226 - 2003-09-16

### 15 METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR DETECTING AND UNITING IDLE AREAS DURING COLLECTION OF GARBAGE

Inventor: KEAN JEROME KUIPAA

Applicant: IBM

EC: G06F12/02D2; G06F12/02D2G

IPC: G06F12/00; G06F9/44; G06F12/02 (+5)

Publication info: JP2001034532 - 2001-02-09

### 16 Garbage collection in an object cache

Inventor: MATTIS PETER (US); PLEVYAK JOHN (US);  
(+4)

Applicant: INKTOMI CORP (US)

EC: G06F12/02D2; G06F12/02D2G

IPC: G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00

Publication info: US6209003 - 2001-03-27

### 17 METHOD AND DEVICE FOR OPTIMIZING ACCURATE GARBAGE COLLECTION OF ARRAY NODE IN CARD HEAP

Inventor: KNIPPEL ROSS C; BEYLIN BORIS

Applicant: SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC

EC: G06F12/02D2G4G

IPC: G06F12/00; G06F12/02; G06F12/00 (+2)

Publication info: JP10301837 - 1998-11-13

### 18 GARBAGE COLLECTION METHOD

Inventor: SHIMURA HIROYA

Applicant: FUJITSU LTD

EC:

IPC: G06F12/00; G06F12/00; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00

Publication info: JP11232162 - 1999-08-27

### 19 GARBAGE COLLECTION EFFICIENCY INCREASING METHOD

Inventor: OTAKE KAZUO

Applicant: NIPPON ELECTRIC CO

EC:

IPC: G06F12/00; G06F12/00; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00

Publication Info: JP7028691 - 1995-01-31

### 20 COMPUTER SYSTEM FOR CONSERVATIVE STACK AND GENERATIONAL HEAP-GARBAGE COLLECTION AND METHOD THEREOF

Inventor: JIEEMUZU ERU ADOKOTSUKU

Applicant: MICROSOFT CORP

EC: G06F12/02D2G; G06F12/02D2G4G

IPC: G06F12/00; G06F12/02; G06F12/00 (+2)

Publication info: **JP6095954** - 1994-04-08

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### 21 GARBAGE COLLECTION METHOD

Inventor: SHINTANI YOSHIHIRO

Applicant: OKI ELECTRIC IND CO LTD

EC:

IPC: G06F12/00; G06F12/00; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00

Publication info: JP4049440 - 1992-02-18

### 22 MARKING METHOD FOR GARBAGE COLLECTION OF DATA

Inventor: AKIYAMA TOMOKO

Applicant: FUJITSU LTD

EC:

IPC: G06F12/00; G06F9/44; G06F12/00 (+2)

Publication info: JP4014152 - 1992-01-20

### 23 GARBAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM

Inventor: NAKAJIMA KATSUTO; NISHIKAWA HIROSHI; (+1)

Applicant: AGENCY IND SCIENCE TECHN

EC:

IPC: G06F12/02; G06F9/44; G06F12/00 (+5)

Publication info: JP2022746 - 1990-01-25

### 24 GARBAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM

Inventor: NAKAJIMA KATSUTO; NISHIKAWA HIROSHI; (+1)

Applicant: AGENCY IND SCIENCE TECHN

EC:

IPC: G06F12/02; G06F9/44; G06F12/00 (+5)

Publication info: JP2022745 - 1990-01-25

### 25 COORDINATE TYPE GARBAGE COLLECTION PROCESSING SYSTEM

Inventor: OZAWA TOSHIHIRO

Applicant: FUJITSU LTD

EC:

IPC: G06F12/00; G06F9/44; G06F12/02 (+10)

Publication info: JP1280849 - 1989-11-13

### 26 HARDWARE STACK FOR LISP MACHINE IN PARALLEL GARBAGE COLLECTION

Inventor: TERAMURA SHINSUKE; NAKANISHI MASAKAZU

Applicant: RICOH KK

EC:

IPC: G06F9/44; G06F12/00; G06F12/02 (+5)

Publication info: JP63085947 - 1988-04-16

### 27 GARBAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM

Inventor: KIMURA YASUNORI

Applicant: FUJITSU LTD

EC:

IPC: G06F9/44; G06F12/00; G06F13/00 (+5)

Publication info: JP59119459 - 1984-07-10

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Data supplied from the **esp@cenet** database - Worldwide

## RESULT LIST

2 results found in the Worldwide database for:

**mark and sweep** in the title AND **heap** in the title or abstract

(Results are sorted by date of upload in database)

### 1 Method and system for improving the concurrency and parallelism of mark-sweep-compact garbage collection

Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON      Applicant:

RICHARD L (US)

EC:

IPC: **G06F17/30; G06F17/30**; (IPC1-7): G06F17/30

Publication info: **US2005198088** - 2005-09-08

### 2 Bit vector toggling for concurrent mark-sweep garbage collection

Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON      Applicant:

RICHARD (US)

EC: G06F12/02D2G4

IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F17/30; G06F12/02** (+2)

Publication info: **US2005114413** - 2005-05-26

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## RESULT LIST

Approximately **52** results found in the Worldwide database for:  
**garbage and collection** in the title AND **heap** in the title or abstract  
(Results are sorted by date of upload in database)

- 1 Compact garbage collection tables**  
Inventor: TARDITI DAVID R (US)      Applicant: MICROSOFT CORP (US)  
EC:      IPC: **G06F17/30; G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US7085789** - 2006-08-01
- 2 System and method for concurrent compacting self pacing garbage collection using loaded value and access barriers**  
Inventor: TENE GIL (US); WOLF MICHAEL A (US)      Applicant: AZUL SYSTEMS INC (US)  
EC:      IPC: **G06F17/30; G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US2006155791** - 2006-07-13
- 3 System and method for performing garbage collection based on unmanaged memory allocations**  
Inventor: DUSSUD PATRICK H (US); GEORGE CHRISTOPHER S (US); (+1)      Applicant: MICROSOFT CORP (US)  
EC:      IPC: **G06F17/30; G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US2006085494** - 2006-04-20
- 4 GENERATIONAL GARBAGE COLLECTION METHOD AND GENERATIONAL GARBAGE COLLECTION PROGRAM**  
Inventor: KUROMUSHIYA KENICHI      Applicant: APLIX CORP  
EC:      IPC: **G06F12/00; G06F12/00**  
Publication info: **JP2006039877** - 2006-02-09
- 5 Free item distribution among multiple free lists during garbage collection for more efficient object allocation**  
Inventor: BLANDY GEOFFREY O (US)      Applicant: IBM (US)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2; G06F12/02D2G**      IPC: **G06F12/00; G06F12/00; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00**  
Publication info: **US2005273568** - 2005-12-08
- 6 Assigning sections within a memory heap for efficient garbage collection of large objects**  
Inventor: BLANDY GEOFFREY O (US)      Applicant: IBM (US)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4**      IPC: **G06F12/00; G06F12/00; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00**  
Publication info: **US2005273567** - 2005-12-08
- 7 GARBAGE COLLECTION FOR SMART CARDS**  
Inventor: TREGER JOERN (DE); PINZINGER ROBERT (DE)      Applicant: GIESECKE & DEVRIENT GMBH (DE); TREGER JOERN (DE); (+1)  
EC:      IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F12/02**  
Publication info: **WO2005093580** - 2005-10-06
- 8 Work stealing queues for parallel garbage collection**  
Inventor: FLOOD CHRISTINE H (US); DETLEFS DAVID L      Applicant: SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC (US)  
(US); (+3)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4G**      IPC: **G06F9/46; G06F12/02; G06F17/30 (+4)**  
Publication info: **US2005132374** - 2005-06-16
- 9 Method and system for multiprocessor garbage collection**  
Inventor: DUSSUD PATRICK H (US)      Applicant: MICROSOFT CORP (US)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4**      IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00**  
Publication info: **US2005033781** - 2005-02-10
- 10 System and method for performing garbage collection on a large heap**  
Inventor: DUSSUD PATRICK H (US)      Applicant: MICROSOFT CORP

EC: G06F12/02D2G4G

IPC: G06F12/00; G06F12/02; G06F12/00 (+2)

Publication info: US2005235120 - 2005-10-20

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## RESULT LIST

Approximately **52** results found in the Worldwide database for:  
**garbage and collection** in the title AND **heap** in the title or abstract  
(Results are sorted by date of upload in database)

- 11 Method and system for improving the concurrency and parallelism of mark-sweep-compact garbage collection**  
Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON RICHARD L (US)  
Applicant:  
EC: IPC: **G06F17/30; G06F17/30; (IPC1-7): G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US2005198088** - 2005-09-08
- 12 Bit vector toggling for concurrent mark-sweep garbage collection**  
Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON RICHARD (US)  
Applicant:  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4** IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F17/30; G06F12/02 (+2)**  
Publication info: **US2005114413** - 2005-05-26
- 13 Optimization of memory usage based on garbage collection simulation**  
Inventor: COHA JOSEPH A (US); KARKARE ASHISH (US); (+1)  
Applicant: HEWLETT PACKARD CO (US)  
EC: **G06F11/34S** IPC: **G06F11/28; G06F9/44; G06F9/46 (+14)**  
Publication info: **EP1349077** - 2003-10-01
- 14 Method and system for the garbage collection of shared data**  
Inventor: BORMAN SAMUEL DAVID (GB); TROTTER MARTIN JOHN (GB)  
Applicant: IBM (US)  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G** IPC: **(IPC1-7): G06F17/30**  
Publication info: **US2003220952** - 2003-11-27
- 15 Apparatus, method, and program for implementing garbage collection suitable for real-time processing**  
Inventor: KAWAMOTO TAKUJI (JP)  
Applicant:  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4G** IPC: **G06F12/00; G06F9/44; G06F9/46 (+6)**  
Publication info: **US2003140071** - 2003-07-24
- 16 Method and apparatus for performing generational garbage collection in a segmented heap**  
Inventor: NAGARAJAN VIJAY G (US); ROCHETTI ROBERT (US); (+1)  
Applicant:  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4G** IPC: **G06F12/00; G06F12/02; G06F17/30 (+4)**  
Publication info: **US2004003014** - 2004-01-01
- 17 Garbage collector employing multiple-car collection sets**  
Inventor: GARTHWAITE ALEXANDER T (US)  
Applicant:  
EC: **G06F12/02D2G4G** IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F12/02; (IPC1-7): G06F12/00**  
Publication info: **US2002161792** - 2002-10-31
- 18 Trace termination for on-the-fly garbage collection for weakly-consistent computer architecture**  
Inventor: KOLODNER ELLIOT K (IL); LEWIS ETHAN (IL); (+1)  
Applicant: IBM (US)  
EC: **G06F11/34T; G06F12/02D2G4** IPC: **G06F11/34; G06F12/02; G06F11/34 (+2)**  
Publication info: **US2002120823** - 2002-08-29
- 19 METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR OPTIMIZING GARBAGE COLLECTION**  
Inventor: WALLMAN DAVID  
Applicant: SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC (US)  
EC: **G06F9/40; G06F9/42M; (+1)** IPC: **G06F9/40; G06F9/42; G06F12/02 (+3)**  
Publication info: **WO02054249** - 2002-07-11

**20 Computer system with heap reset**

**Inventor:** KOLODNER ELLIOT KARL (IL); LEWIS ETHAN **Applicant:** IBM (US)  
(IL); (+3)

**EC:** G06F9/46A2M; G06F12/02D2G4

**IPC:** G06F9/50; G06F12/02; G06F9/46 (+2)

**Publication info:** US2002056019 - 2002-05-09

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## RESULT LIST

1 result found in the Worldwide database for:  
**vector** in the title AND **garbage** in the title or abstract  
(Results are sorted by date of upload in database)

### 1 Bit vector toggling for concurrent mark-sweep garbage collection

Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON      Applicant:

RICHARD (US)

EC: G06F12/02D2G4

IPC: G06F12/02; G06F17/30; G06F12/02 (+2)

Publication info: **US2005114413** - 2005-05-26

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Data supplied from the *esp@cenet* database - Worldwide

## RESULT LIST

3 results found in the Worldwide database for:  
**mark and sweep** in the title AND **garbage** in the title or abstract  
(Results are sorted by date of upload in database)

**1 Method and system for improving the concurrency and parallelism of mark-sweep-compact garbage collection**

Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON

Applicant:

RICHARD L (US)

EC:

IPC: **G06F17/30; G06F17/30**; (IPC1-7): G06F17/30

Publication info: **US2005198088** - 2005-09-08

**2 Bit vector toggling for concurrent mark-sweep garbage collection**

Inventor: SUBRAMONEY SREENIVAS (US); HUDSON

Applicant:

RICHARD (US)

EC: G06F12/02D2G4

IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F17/30; G06F12/02** (+2)

Publication info: **US2005114413** - 2005-05-26

**3 Adaptive scheduling of garbage collection in a mobile phone**

Inventor: PATEL MARK ARMIN (US)

Applicant: MOTOROLA INC (US)

EC: G06F12/02D2G

IPC: **G06F12/02; G06F12/02**; (IPC1-7): G06F12/02

Publication info: **GB2359647** - 2001-08-29

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IEEE JNL IEEE Journal or Magazine

IEE JNL IEE Journal or Magazine

IEEE CNF IEEE Conference Proceeding

IEE CNF IEE Conference Proceeding

IEEE STD IEEE Standard

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- ☐ 1. **Hardware support for concurrent garbage collection in SMP systems**  
Chang, J.M.; Srisa-An, W.; Chia-Tien Dan Lo;  
[High Performance Computing in the Asia-Pacific Region, 2000. Proceedings. 1 International Conference/Exhibition on](#)  
Volume 1, 14-17 May 2000 Page(s):513 - 517 vol.1  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/HPC.2000.846607  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(396 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ 2. **HeapGuard, eliminating garbage collection in real-time Ada systems**  
Harbaugh, S.; Wavering, B.;  
[Aerospace and Electronics Conference, 1991. NAECON 1991., Proceedings o National](#)  
20-24 May 1991 Page(s):704 - 708 vol.2  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/NAECON.1991.165829  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(360 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ 3. **Java virtual machine timing probes: a study of object life span and garba**  
Qian Yang; Witawas Srisa-an; Skotiniotis, T.; Chang, J.M.;  
[Performance, Computing, and Communications Conference, 2002. 21st IEEE](#)  
3-5 April 2002 Page(s):73 - 80  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/IPCCC.2002.995138  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(810 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ 4. **Partitioned garbage collection of a large stable heap**  
Liskov, B.; Maheshwari, U.; Ng, T.;  
[Object-Orientation in Operating Systems, 1996., Proceedings of the Fifth Intern Workshop on](#)  
27-28 Oct. 1996 Page(s):117 - 121  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/IWOOS.1996.557898  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(568 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ 5. **Real realtime performance of heap management systems, using incremen collectors**  
Corporal, H.;

System Sciences, 1991. Proceedings of the Twenty-Fourth Annual Hawaii International Conference on

Volume i, 8-11 Jan. 1991 Page(s):344 - 352 vol.1

Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/HICSS.1991.183904

[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(692 KB) IEEE CNF

[Rights and Permissions](#)



**6. A performance analysis of the active memory system**

Witawas Srisa-An; Srisa-an; Chia-Tien Dan Lo; J Morris Chang;

Computer Design, 2001. ICCD 2001. Proceedings. 2001 International Conference on  
23-26 Sept. 2001 Page(s):493 - 496

Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ICCD.2001.955073

[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(344 KB) IEEE CNF

[Rights and Permissions](#)



**7. Evaluation of parallel copying garbage collection on a shared-memory m**

Imai, A.; Tick, E.;

Parallel and Distributed Systems, IEEE Transactions on

Volume 4, Issue 9, Sept. 1993 Page(s):1030 - 1040

Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/71.243529

[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(960 KB) IEEE JNL

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**8. Scalable hardware-algorithm for mark-sweep garbage collection**

Srisa-An, W.; Chia-Tien Dan Lo; Chang, J.M.;

Euromicro Conference, 2000. Proceedings of the 26th

Volume 1, 5-7 Sept. 2000 Page(s):274 - 281 vol.1

Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/EURMIC.2000.874643

[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(648 KB) IEEE CNF

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**9. Do generational schemes improve the garbage collection efficiency?**

Srisa-an, W.; Chang, J.M.; Chia-Tien Dan Lo;

Performance Analysis of Systems and Software, 2000. ISPASS. 2000 IEEE International Symposium on

24-25 April 2000 Page(s):58 - 63

Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ISPASS.2000.842282

[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(276 KB) IEEE CNF

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**10. Automatic heapmanagement and realtime performance**

Corporaal, H.;

CompEuro '91. 'Advanced Computer Technology, Reliable Systems and Applications Annual European Computer Conference. Proceedings.

13-16 May 1991 Page(s):290 - 295

Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/CMPEUR.1991.257399

[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(480 KB) IEEE CNF

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**11. A shared-memory multiprocessor garbage collector and its evaluation for choice logic programs**

Imai, A.; Tick, E.;

Parallel and Distributed Processing, 1991. Proceedings of the Third IEEE Symposium on  
2-5 Dec. 1991 Page(s):870 - 877

Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/SPDP.1991.218229

[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(716 KB) IEEE CNF

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**12. On multi-threaded list-processing and garbage collection**

- ☐ Kuechlin, W.W.; Nevin, N.J.;  
Parallel and Distributed Processing, 1991. Proceedings of the Third IEEE Sym  
2-5 Dec. 1991 Page(s):894 - 897  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/SPDP.1991.218226  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(340 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **13. Using virtual addresses as object references**  
Chase, J.; Levy, H.; Tiwary, A.;  
Object Orientation in Operating Systems, 1992., Proceedings of the Second In  
Workshop on  
24-25 Sept. 1992 Page(s):245 - 248  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/IWOOS.1992.252974  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(316 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **14. Garbage collection of a distributed heap**  
Ladin, R.; Liskov, B.;  
Distributed Computing Systems, 1992., Proceedings of the 12th International (  
9-12 June 1992 Page(s):708 - 715  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ICDCS.1992.235116  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(820 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **15. Architectural support for dynamic memory management**  
Morris Chang, J.; Srisa-an, W.; Lo, C.-T.D.;  
Computer Design, 2000. Proceedings. 2000 International Conference on  
17-20 Sept. 2000 Page(s):99 - 104  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ICCD.2000.878274  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(492 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **16. The generated order preserving real-time garbage collection**  
Koide, H.;  
Real-Time Computing Systems and Applications, 1995. Proceedings., Second  
Workshop on  
25-27 Oct. 1995 Page(s):168 - 173  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/RTCSA.1995.528767  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(476 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **17. Dynamic memory management for real-time embedded Java chips**  
Chi-Min Lin; Tien-Fu Chen;  
Real-Time Computing Systems and Applications, 2000. Proceedings. Seventh  
Conference on  
12-14 Dec. 2000 Page(s):49 - 56  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/RTCSA.2000.896370  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(656 KB) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **18. Implementing orthogonal persistence: a simple optimization using replic**  
Nettles, S.; O'Toole, J.;  
Object Orientation in Operating Systems, 1993., Proceedings of the Third Inter  
Workshop on  
9-10 Dec. 1993 Page(s):177 - 181  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/IWOOS.1993.324909  
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IEE JNL IEE Journal or Magazine

IEEE CNF IEEE Conference Proceeding

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IEEE STD IEEE Standard

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- ☐ 1. **Comprehensive distributed garbage collection by tracking causal dependent relevant mutator events**  
Louboutin, S.R.Y.; Cahill, V.;  
[Distributed Computing Systems, 1997., Proceedings of the 17th International Conference on](#)  
27-30 May 1997 Page(s):516 - 525  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ICDCS.1997.603403  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF\(900 KB\)](#) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ 2. **Consistency maintenance in Web-based real-time group editors**  
Chengzheng Sun; Rok Sasic;  
[Electronic Commerce and Web-based Applications/Middleware, 1999. Proceedings of the](#)  
[International Conference on Distributed Computing Systems Workshops on](#)  
31 May-4 June 1999 Page(s):15 - 22  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ECMDD.1999.776409  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF\(168 KB\)](#) IEEE CNF  
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- ☐ 3. **Evaluation of an object-caching coprocessor design for object-oriented systems**  
Chang, J.M.; Gehringer, E.F.;  
[Computer Design: VLSI in Computers and Processors, 1993. ICCD '93. Proceedings of the](#)  
[IEEE International Conference on](#)  
3-6 Oct. 1993 Page(s):132 - 139  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ICCD.1993.393393  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF\(572 KB\)](#) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ 4. **Incremental garbage collection for causal relationship computation in distributed systems**  
Medina, R.;  
[Parallel and Distributed Processing, 1993. Proceedings of the Fifth IEEE Symposium on](#)  
1-4 Dec. 1993 Page(s):650 - 655  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/SPDP.1993.395472  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF\(404 KB\)](#) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ 5. **Geographic information systems and global positioning systems for water resource management**



Yan-Guang Chang; Chiou-Hsiung Chen; Hsiu-Lan Huang; Hua-Hung Miao;  
Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 2001. IGARSS '01. IEEE 2001  
Volume 5, 9-13 July 2001 Page(s):2112 - 2114 vol.5  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/IGARSS.2001.977920  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(47 KB) [IEEE CNF](#)  
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**6. Exploiting data parallelism for efficient execution of logic programs with bases**

Bansal, A.K.; Potter, J.L.;  
Tools for Artificial Intelligence, 1990..Proceedings of the 2nd International IEEE  
6-9 Nov. 1990 Page(s):674 - 681  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/TAI.1990.130419  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(732 KB) [IEEE CNF](#)  
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**IEE JNL** IEE Journal or Magazine  
**IEEE CNF** IEEE Conference Proceeding  
**IEE CNF** IEE Conference Proceeding  
**IEEE STD** IEEE Standard

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- ☐ **1. Scalable hardware-algorithm for mark-sweep garbage collection**  
Srisa-An, W.; Chia-Tien Dan Lo; Chang, J.M.;  
[Euromicro Conference, 2000. Proceedings of the 26th](#)  
Volume 1, 5-7 Sept. 2000 Page(s):274 - 281 vol.1  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/EURMIC.2000.874643  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF\(648 KB\)](#) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **2. A performance comparison between stop-the-world and multithreaded cc generational garbage collection for Java**  
Lo, C.-T.D.; Srisa-an, W.; Chang, J.M.;  
[Performance, Computing, and Communications Conference, 2002. 21st IEEE](#)  
3-5 April 2002 Page(s):301 - 308  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/IPCCC.2002.995163  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF\(748 KB\)](#) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **3. A multithreaded concurrent garbage collector parallelizing the new instru**  
Lo, C.-T.D.; Srisa-an, W.; Chang, J.M.;  
[Parallel and Distributed Processing Symposium., Proceedings International, IP](#)  
[Abstracts and CD-ROM](#)  
15-19 April 2002 Page(s):59 - 64  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/IPDPS.2002.1015550  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF\(213 KB\)](#) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **4. Collecting cyclic garbage in distributed systems**  
Xinfeng Ye; Keane, J.;  
[Parallel Architectures, Algorithms, and Networks, 1997. \(I-SPAN '97\) Proceedi](#)  
[International Symposium on](#)  
18-20 Dec. 1997 Page(s):227 - 231  
Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ISPAN.1997.645100  
[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF\(452 KB\)](#) IEEE CNF  
[Rights and Permissions](#)
- ☐ **5. A Scalable Mark-Sweep Garbage Collector on Large-Scale Shared-Memori**  
Toshio Endo; Taura, K.; Yonezawa, A.;  
[Supercomputing, ACM/IEEE 1997 Conference](#)

15-21 Nov. 1997 Page(s):48 - 48

Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/SC.1997.10059

[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(160 KB) IEEE CNF

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**6. Performance enhancements to the Active Memory System**

Witawas Srisa-an; Lo, C.-T.D.; Chang, J.M.;

[Computer Design: VLSI in Computers and Processors, 2002. Proceedings. 20th International Conference on](#)

16-18 Sept. 2002 Page(s):249 - 256

Digital Object Identifier 10.1109/ICCD.2002.1106778

[AbstractPlus](#) | Full Text: [PDF](#)(2149 KB) IEEE CNF

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**7. Predicting scalability of parallel garbage collectors on shared memory m**

Endo, T.; Taura, K.; Yonezawa, A.;

[Parallel and Distributed Processing Symposium., Proceedings 15th International](#)

23-27 April 2001 Page(s):6 pp.

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- #8 ((( mark<in>metadata ) <and> ( sweep<in>metadata ) )<and> ( vector<in>metadata ) ) <and> (pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)
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- #10 ((( garbage<in>metadata ) <and> ( collection<in>metadata ) ) <and> ( vector<in>metadata ) ) <and> (pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)
- #11 ((( vector<in>metadata ) <and> ( thread<in>metadata ) )<and> ( garbage<in>metadata ) ) <and> (pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)
- #12 ((( vector<in>metadata ) <and> ( thread<in>metadata ) )<and> ( sweep<in>metadata ) ) <and> (pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)

(( ( vector<in>metadata ) <and> ( thread<in>metadata ) )<and>

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- #15** (( ( heap<in>metadata ) <and> ( garbage<in>metadata ) )<and> ( collection<in>metadata ) ) <and> ( pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)
- #16** (( ( heap<in>metadata ) <and> ( garbage<in>metadata ) )<and> ( collection<in>metadata ) ) <and> ( pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)
- #17** (( ( heap<in>metadata ) <and> ( garbage<in>metadata ) )<and> ( collection<in>metadata ) ) <and> ( pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)
- #18** (( ( live<in>metadata ) <and> ( object<in>metadata ) )<and> ( heap<in>metadata ) ) <and> ( pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)
- #19** (( ( live<in>metadata ) <and> ( object<in>metadata ) )<and> ( heap<in>metadata ) ) <and> ( pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)
- #20** (( ( live<in>metadata ) <and> ( object<in>metadata ) )<and> ( heap<in>metadata ) ) <and> ( pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)
- #21** (( ( live<in>metadata ) <and> ( object<in>metadata ) )<and> ( heap<in>metadata ) ) <and> ( pyr >= 1950 <and> pyr <= 2002)

